

Overview

Useful For

Screening for open neural tube defects or other fetal abnormalities

Follow-up testing for patients with elevated serum alpha-fetoprotein results or in conjunction with cytogenetic testing

Reflex Tests

Test Id	Reporting Name	Available Separately	Always Performed
ACHE_	Acetylcholinesterase, AF	Yes	No

Testing Algorithm

If alpha-fetoprotein is positive, then acetylcholinesterase will be performed at an additional charge.

Special Instructions

- [Second Trimester Maternal Screening Alpha-Fetoprotein / Quad Screen Patient Information](#)

Method Name

AFP: Immunoenzymatic Assay

ACHE_ : Polyacrylamide Electrophoresis

NY State Available

Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type

Amniotic Fld

Necessary Information

The following information is required:

- Estimated due date by ultrasound
- Collection date
- Gestational age must be between 13 and 24 weeks; 16 to 18 weeks preferred.

If not ordering electronically, provide information on [Second Trimester Maternal Screening Alpha-Fetoprotein / Quad Screen Patient Information](#) (T595) and send with specimen.

Specimen Required

Supplies: Sarstedt Aliquot Tube, 5 mL (T914)

Container/Tube: Plain, plastic, screw-top tube

Specimen Volume: 0.75 mL

Collection Instructions: Do not centrifuge.

Forms

[Second Trimester Maternal Screening Alpha-Fetoprotein / Quad Screen Patient Information](#) (T595) is required.

Specimen Minimum Volume

0.5 mL

Reject Due To

All specimens will be evaluated at Mayo Clinic Laboratories for test suitability.

Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Amniotic Fld	Refrigerated (preferred)	7 days	
	Ambient	7 days	

Clinical & Interpretive

Clinical Information

Alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) is a single polypeptide chain glycoprotein with a molecular weight of approximately 70,000 Da. Synthesis of AFP occurs primarily in the liver and yolk sac of the fetus. It is secreted in fetal serum, reaching a peak at approximately 13 weeks gestation, after which it rapidly declines until about 22 weeks gestation and then gradually declines until term. Transfer of AFP into maternal circulation is accomplished primarily through diffusion across the placenta. Maternal serum AFP levels rise from the normal non-pregnancy level of 0.20 ng/mL to about 250 ng/mL at 32 weeks gestation.

If the fetus has an open neural tube defect, AFP is thought to leak directly into the amniotic fluid, causing unexpectedly high concentrations of AFP. Other fetal abnormalities such as omphalocele, gastroschisis, congenital kidney disease, and esophageal atresia; and other fetal distress situations such as threatened abortion, prematurity, and fetal demise, may also show AFP elevations. Decreased amniotic fluid AFP values may be seen when gestational age has been overestimated.

Reference Values

< 2.0 multiples of median (MoM)

Interpretation

A screening alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) cutoff level of 2.0 multiples of median (MoM), followed by [acetylcholinesterase](#) (AChE) confirmatory testing on positive results, is capable of detecting 96% of open spina bifida cases with a false-positive rate of only 0.06% in non-blood-stained specimens.

Acetylcholinesterase analysis is an essential confirmatory test for all amniotic fluid specimens with positive AFP results. Normal amniotic fluid does not contain AChE, unless contributed by the fetus as a result of open communication

between fetal central nervous system (eg, open neural tube defects) or, to a lesser degree, fetal circulation. All amniotic fluid specimens testing positive for AFP will have the AChE test performed. False-positive AChE may occur from a bloody tap, which may cause both elevated AFP and AChE levels.

Cautions

This test is for screening only.

Increases in alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) are not specific for neural tube defects, and the test must be used in combination with other procedures, such as ultrasonography and acetylcholinesterase measurements.

Elevated AFP levels also can be caused by benign factors and incorrect gestational dating.

Negative results do not guarantee the absence of defects.

In rare cases, some individuals can develop antibodies to mouse or other animal antibodies (often referred to as human anti-mouse antibodies [HAMA] or heterophile antibodies), which may cause interference in some immunoassays. Caution should be used in interpretation of results, and the laboratory should be alerted if the result does not correlate with the clinical presentation.

Clinical Reference

1. Clinical Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI): Maternal Serum Screening: Approved Standard. 2nd ed. I/LA25-A2 CLSI; 2011
2. Cuckle H. Prenatal screening using maternal markers. J Clin Med. 2014;3(2):504-520. doi:10.3390/jcm3020504
3. Bernard JP, Cuckle HS, Bernard MA, Brochet C, Salomon LJ, Ville Y. Combined screening for open spina bifida at 11-13 weeks using fetal biparietal diameter and maternal serum markers. Am J Obstet Gynecol. 2013;209(3):223.e1-5

Performance

Method Description

The Access AFP (alpha-fetoprotein) assay is a 2-site immunoenzymatic sandwich assay. A sample is added to a reaction vessel with mouse monoclonal anti-AFP alkaline phosphatase conjugate and paramagnetic particles coated with a second mouse monoclonal anti-AFP antibody. The AFP in the sample binds to the immobilized monoclonal anti-AFP on the solid phase while, at the same time, the monoclonal anti-AFP-alkaline phosphatase conjugate reacts with different antigenic sites on the sample AFP. After incubation in a reaction vessel, materials bound to the solid phase are held in a magnetic field while unbound materials are washed away. The chemiluminescent substrate Lumi-Phos530 is added to the reaction vessel and light generated by the reaction is measured by a luminometer. The light production is directly proportional to the amount of AFP in the sample. The amount of analyte in the sample is determined by means of a multipoint calibration curve.(Package insert: Access AFP. Beckman Coulter Inc; 12/2021)

PDF Report

No

Day(s) Performed

Monday through Friday

Report Available

2 to 19 days

Specimen Retention Time

2 weeks

Performing Laboratory Location

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Superior Drive

Fees & Codes

Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

Test Classification

This test has been cleared, approved, or is exempt by the US Food and Drug Administration and is used per manufacturer's instructions. Performance characteristics were verified by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements.

CPT Code Information

82106
82013 (if appropriate)

LOINC® Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
AFPA	Alpha Fetoprotein, AF	58735-2

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
6739	Collection Date	58734-5
6740	Last Menstrual Period (LMP)	8665-2
24233	EDD by LMP	11779-6
24239	GA at Collection by Scan	11888-5
24240	GA at Collection by Dates	11885-1
24234	GA Used	21299-3
24241	Results	29595-6
24235	Interpretation	59462-2
24236	Additional Comments	48767-8
24237	Follow up	80615-8
24238	General Test Info	48767-8
9950	Alpha Fetoprotein, AF	1832-5

DAT15	EDD by US Scan	11781-2
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