

# **Test Definition: AAT**

Alpha-1-Antitrypsin, Serum

#### Overview

#### **Useful For**

Workup of individuals with suspected disorders such as familial chronic obstructive lung disease

Diagnosing alpha-1-antitrypsin deficiency

## **Testing Algorithm**

For more information see <u>Alpha-1-Antitrypsin-A Comprehensive Testing Algorithm</u>.

#### **Special Instructions**

<u>Alpha 1 Antitrypsin-A Comprehensive Testing Algorithm</u>

Method Name

Nephelometry

NY State Available

Yes

#### Specimen

Specimen Type Serum

#### **Specimen Required**

Supplies: Sarstedt Aliquot Tube, 5 mL (T914) Collection Container/Tube: Preferred: Red top Acceptable: Serum gel Submission Container/Tube: Plastic vial Specimen Volume: 1 mL Collection Instructions: Centrifuge and aliquot serum into a plastic vial.

#### Forms

If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send 1 of the following with the specimen: -<u>Gastroenterology and Hepatology Test Request</u> (T728) -<u>General Request</u> (T239)

# Specimen Minimum Volume

0.5 mL

#### Reject Due To



| Gross         | ОК     |
|---------------|--------|
| hemolysis     |        |
| Gross lipemia | Reject |
| Gross icterus | ОК     |

#### Specimen Stability Information

| Specimen Type | Temperature              | Time    | Special Container |
|---------------|--------------------------|---------|-------------------|
| Serum         | Refrigerated (preferred) | 28 days |                   |
|               | Ambient                  | 28 days |                   |
|               | Frozen                   | 28 days |                   |

## Clinical & Interpretive

## **Clinical Information**

Alpha-1-antitrypsin (A1A) is the most abundant serum protease inhibitor, and it inhibits trypsin and elastin as well as several other proteases. The release of proteolytic enzymes from plasma onto organ surfaces and into tissue spaces results in tissue damage unless inhibitors are present. Congenital deficiency of A1A is associated with the development of emphysema at an unusually early age and with an increased incidence of neonatal hepatitis, usually progressing to cirrhosis.

For more information see <u>Alpha-1-Antitrypsin-A Comprehensive Testing Algorithm</u>.

#### **Reference Values**

100-190 mg/dL

#### Interpretation

Patients with serum levels less than 70 mg/dL may have a homozygous deficiency and are at risk for early lung disease. Alpha-1-antitrypsin proteotype testing should be done to confirm the presence of homozygous deficiency alleles.

If clinically indicated, patients with serum levels less than 125 mg/dL should have proteotype testing in order to identify heterozygous individuals. Heterozygotes do not appear to be at increased risk for early emphysema.

#### Cautions

Low alpha-1-antitrypsin (A1A) levels may result from liver disease, and A1A proteotype testing should be done to confirm A1A deficiency disease.

Alpha-1-antitrypsin is an acute-phase reactant, and any inflammatory process will elevate serum A1A levels.

Quantitation of specific proteins by nephelometric means may not be possible in lipemic sera due to the extreme light scattering properties of the specimen. Turbidity and particles in the specimen may result in extraneous light scattering signals, resulting in variable specimen analysis.



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#### **Clinical Reference**

1. Tejwani V, Stoller JK. The spectrum of clinical sequelae associated with alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency. Ther Adv Chronic Dis. 2021;12\_ suppl:2040622321995691. doi:10.1177/2040622321995691

2. Patel D, McAllister SL, Teckman JH. Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency liver disease. Transl Gastroenterol Hepatol. 2021;6:23. doi:10.21037/tgh.2020.02.23

3. Donato LJ, Snyder MR, Greene DN. Measuring and interpreting serum AAT concentration. Methods Mol Biol. 2017;1639:21-32. doi:10.1007/978-1-4939-7163-3\_3

#### Performance

#### Method Description

In this Siemens Nephelometer II method, the light scattered by the antigen-antibody complexes is measured. The intensity of the measured scattered light is proportional to the amount of antigen-antibody complexes in the sample under certain conditions. If the antibody volume is kept constant, the signal behaves proportionally to the antigen volume.

A reference curve is generated by a standard with a known antigen content on which the scattered light signals of the samples can be evaluated and calculated as an antigen concentration. Antigen-antibody complexes are formed when a sample containing antigen and the corresponding antiserum are put into a cuvette. A light beam is generated with a light emitting diode (LED), which is transmitted through the cuvette. The light is scattered onto the immuno-complexes that are present. Antigen and antibody are mixed in the initial measurement, but no complex is yet formed. An antigen-antibody complex is formed in the final measurement.

The result is calculated by subtracting value of the final measurement from the initial measurement. The distribution of intensity of the scattered light depends on the ratio of the particle size of the antigen-antibody complexes to the radiated wavelength.(Instruction manual: Siemens Nephelometer II. Siemens, Inc; V 2.4, 07/2019; Addendum to the Instruction Manual 2.3, 08/2017)

PDF Report No

Day(s) Performed Monday through Friday

Report Available 1 to 3 days

**Specimen Retention Time** 14 days

#### Performing Laboratory Location

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Superior Drive



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# Fees & Codes

#### Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to <u>Test Prices</u> for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact Customer Service.

#### **Test Classification**

This test has been cleared, approved, or is exempt by the US Food and Drug Administration and is used per manufacturer's instructions. Performance characteristics were verified by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements.

# **CPT Code Information**

82103

## LOINC<sup>®</sup> Information

| Test ID | Test Order Name        | Order LOINC <sup>®</sup> Value |
|---------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| AAT     | Alpha-1-Antitrypsin, S | 6771-0                         |

| Result I | ID | Test Result Name       | Result LOINC <sup>®</sup> Value |
|----------|----|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| AAT      |    | Alpha-1-Antitrypsin, S | 6771-0                          |