

C9 Complement, Functional, Serum

## Overview

### **Useful For**

Diagnosis of C9 deficiency

Investigation of a patient with a low total (hemolytic) complement level

### **Method Name**

Automated Liposome Lysis Assay

### **NY State Available**

Yes

## Specimen

## **Specimen Type**

Serum

## **Ordering Guidance**

The total complement assay (COM / Complement, Total, Serum) should be used as a screen for suspected complement deficiencies before ordering individual complement component assays. A deficiency of an individual component of the complement cascade will result in an undetectable total complement level.

## Specimen Required

# **Patient Preparation:**

Fasting: 12 hours, preferred but not required **Supplies:** Sarstedt Aliquot Tube, 5 mL (T914)

**Collection Container/Tube:** 

**Preferred:** Serum gel **Acceptable:** Red top

Submission Container/Tube: Plastic vial

**Specimen Volume:** 1 mL **Collection Instructions:** 

- 1. Immediately after specimen collection, place the tube on wet ice and allow specimen to clot.
- 2. Centrifuge at 4 degrees C and aliquot serum into a plastic vial.
- 3. Within 30 minutes of centrifugation, freeze specimen. Specimen must be placed on dry ice if not frozen immediately. **NOTE:** If a refrigerated centrifuge is not available, it is acceptable to use a room temperature centrifuge, provided the sample is kept on ice before centrifugation, and immediately afterward, the serum is aliquoted and frozen.

# **Specimen Minimum Volume**

0.5 mL



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## Reject Due To

Gross	OK
hemolysis	
Gross lipemia	Reject
Gross icterus	OK

## **Specimen Stability Information**

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Serum	Frozen	14 days	

## Clinical & Interpretive

### **Clinical Information**

Complement proteins are components of the innate immune system. There are 3 pathways to complement activation: 1) the classical pathway, 2) the alternative (or properdin) pathway, and 3) the lectin (mannan-binding lectin) pathway. The classical pathway of the complement system is composed of a series of proteins that are activated in response to the presence of immune complexes. A single IgM molecule or 2 IgG molecules are sufficient to trigger activation of the recognition complex initiated by C1q. The activation process triggers a cascade that includes an amplification loop. The amplification loop is mediated by C3, with cleavage of a series of proteins, and results in 3 main end products: 1) anaphylatoxins that promote inflammation (C3a, C5a), 2) opsonization peptides that are chemotactic for neutrophils (C3b) and facilitate phagocytosis, and 3) the membrane attack complex (MAC), which promotes cell lysis.

Patients with deficiencies of the late complement proteins (C5, C6, C7, C8, and C9) are unable to form the MAC, and may have increased susceptibility to neisserial infections.

Deficiency of C9 is common in the Japanese population, (1:1000), but is otherwise rare. The lytic activity of C9-deficient serum is decreased. However, the assembly of C5b-C8 complexes will result in a transmembrane channel with minimal lytic activity. Many C9-deficient patients are asymptomatic. C9-deficient patients may, however, present with invasive neisserial infections.

Complement levels can be detected by antigen assays that quantitate the amount of the protein. For most of the complement proteins, a small number of cases have been described in which the protein is present but is nonfunctional. These rare cases require a functional assay to detect the deficiency.

#### **Reference Values**

37-61 U/mL

#### Interpretation

Low levels of complement may be due to inherited deficiencies, acquired deficiencies, or due to complement consumption (eg, as a consequence of infectious or autoimmune processes).

Absent C9 levels in the presence of normal C3 and C4 values are consistent with a C9 deficiency. Absent C9 levels in the



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presence of low C3 and C4 values suggests complement consumption.

Normal results indicate both normal C9 protein levels and normal functional activity.

#### **Cautions**

As with all complement assays, proper specimen handling is of utmost importance to ensure that the complement system is not activated before clinical testing.

Absent (or low) C9 functional levels in the presence of normal C9 antigen levels should be replicated with a new serum specimen to confirm that C9 inactivation did not occur during shipping.

#### **Clinical Reference**

- 1. Sonntag J, Brandenburg U, Polzehl D, et al. Complement systems in healthy term newborns: reference values in umbilical cord blood. Pediatr Dev Pathol. 1998;1(2):131-135
- 2. Prellner K, Sjoholm AG, Truedsson L. Concentrations of C1q, factor B, factor D and properdin in healthy children, and the age-related presence of circulating C1r-C1s complexes. Acta Paediatr Scand. 1987;76(6):939-943
- 3. Davis ML, Austin C, Messmer BL, et al. IFCC-standardization pediatric reference intervals for 10 serum proteins using the Beckman Array 360 system. Clin Biochem. 1996;29(5):489-492
- 4. Gaither TA, Frank MM. Complement. In: Henry JB, ed. Clinical Diagnosis and Management by Laboratory Methods. 17th ed. WB Saunders Company; 1984:879-892
- 5. O'Neil KM. Complement deficiency. Clin Rev Allergy Immunol. 2000;19:83-108
- Frank MM. Complement deficiencies. Pediatr Clin North Am. 2000;47(6):1339-1354
- 7. Willrich MAV, Braun KMP, Moyer AM, Jeffrey DH, Frazer-Abel A. Complement testing in the clinical laboratory. Crit Rev Clin Lab Sci. 2021;58(7):447-478. doi:10.1080/10408363.2021.1907297

## **Performance**

### **Method Description**

Complement 9 (C9) activity is measured by mixing patient serum with a C9-deficient serum. The lytic activity of the serum mixture is tested against sensitized, labeled liposomes. If lysis occurs, the patient serum must be the source of the C9. The target liposomes are a commercial reagent (WAKO total complement CH50), and the assay is performed on an Advia XPT. (Unpublished Mayo method)

### PDF Report

No

## Day(s) Performed

Tuesday, Friday

### Report Available

1 to 3 days

### **Specimen Retention Time**

14 days



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## **Performing Laboratory Location**

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Superior Drive

## **Fees & Codes**

### **Fees**

- Authorized users can sign in to <u>Test Prices</u> for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact <u>Customer Service</u>.

### **Test Classification**

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

## **CPT Code Information**

86161

## **LOINC®** Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
C9FX	C9 Complement, Functional, S	87727-4

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
C9FX	C9 Complement, Functional, S	87727-4