

Test Definition: APIVC

Aldosterone, Inferior Vena Cava, Plasma

Overview

Useful For

Investigation using inferior vena cava plasma specimen for: -Primary aldosteronism (eg, adrenal adenoma/carcinoma and adrenal cortical hyperplasia) -Secondary aldosteronism (renovascular disease, salt depletion, potassium loading, cardiac failure with ascites, pregnancy, Bartter syndrome)

Special Instructions

- <u>Renin-Aldosterone Studies</u>
- <u>Steroid Pathways</u>

Method Name

Liquid Chromatography Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS)

NY State Available

Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type

Plasma EDTA

Specimen Required

Patient Preparation: Spironolactone (Aldactone) should be discontinued for 4 to 6 weeks before specimen collection. The plasma renin activity cannot be interpreted if the patient is being treated with spironolactone.

Collection Container/Tube: Lavender top (EDTA)

Submission Container/Tube: Plastic vial

Specimen Volume: 1.6 mL

Collection Instructions:

1. See <u>Renin-Aldosterone Studies</u> for detailed instructions.

2. The recommended collection time is 8 a.m., after the patient is active for approximately 2 hours. Try to collect the specimen as close to that time as possible and no later than 10 a.m.

3. Centrifuge and aliquot plasma into a plastic vial.

Specimen Minimum Volume

1 mL

Reject Due To

Gross OK



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hemolysis	
Gross lipemia	ОК
Gross icterus	ОК

Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Plasma EDTA	Frozen (preferred)	30 days	
	Ambient	4 days	
	Refrigerated	28 days	

Clinical & Interpretive

Clinical Information

Aldosterone stimulates sodium transport across cell membranes, particularly in the distal renal tubule where sodium is exchanged for hydrogen and potassium. Secondarily, aldosterone is important in the maintenance of blood pressure and blood volume.

Aldosterone is the major mineralocorticoid and is produced by the adrenal cortex.

The renin-angiotensin system is the primary regulator of the synthesis and secretion of aldosterone. Likewise, increased concentrations of potassium in the plasma may directly stimulate adrenal production of the hormone. Under physiologic conditions, pituitary adrenocorticotropic hormone is not a major factor in regulating aldosterone secretion.

For more information see <u>Steroid Pathways</u>.

Reference Values

No established reference values.

Interpretation

A high ratio of plasma aldosterone (PA) in ng/dL to plasma renin activity (PRA) in ng/mL per hour is a positive screening test result, a finding that warrants further testing. A PA:PRA ratio of 20 or greater is only interpretable with a PA of 15 ng/dL or greater and indicates probable primary aldosteronism.

Kidney disease, such as unilateral renal artery stenosis, results in elevated renin and aldosterone levels. Renal venous catheterization may be helpful. A positive test is a renal venous renin ratio (affected/normal) above1.5.

Note: Advice on stimulation or suppression tests is available from Mayo Clinic's Division of Endocrinology; call 800-533-1710.

Cautions

Late p.m. levels can be up to 30% lower than early a.m. levels. Supine values are on average 50% lower than upright collections. Sodium-depleted subjects have significantly elevated plasma aldosterone (PA) levels, potentially exceeding the upper limit of the salt replete upright reference range by several fold. To account for these variables, at least in part,



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it is recommended that plasma renin activity (PRA) is measured concomitantly. In situations of physiological variability, PRA should be altered in the same direction as aldosterone. For more information see <u>Renin-Aldosterone Studies</u>.

Angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors have the potential to falsely elevate PRA. Therefore, in a patient treated with an ACE inhibitor, the finding of a detectable PRA level or a low PA:PRA ratio does not exclude the diagnosis of primary aldosteronism. In addition, in a patient taking an ACE inhibitor, an undetectably low PRA level is a strong predictor for primary aldosteronism.

Clinical Reference

 Young WF Jr. Primary aldosteronism: A common and curable form of hypertension. Cardiol Rev. 1999;7(4):207-214
Young WF Jr. Pheochromocytoma and primary aldosteronism: diagnostic approaches. Endocrinol Metab Clin North Am. 1997;26(4):801-827

 Hurwitz S, Cohen RJ, Williams GH. Diurnal variation of aldosterone and plasma renin activity: timing relation to melatonin and cortisol and consistency after prolonged bed rest. J Appl Physiol. 2004;96:1406-1414
Inoue K, Goldwater D, Allison M, Seeman T, Kestenbaum BR, Watson KE. Serum aldosterone concentration, blood pressure, and coronary artery calcium: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. [published correction appears in

Hypertension. 2021 Mar 3;77(3):e34]. Hypertension. 2020;76(1):113-120. doi:10.1161/HYPERTENSIONAHA.120.15006

Performance

Method Description

Aldosterone-d6 is added to serum and plasma samples as an internal standard. Aldosterone and aldosterone-d6 are extracted from the specimens using a Strata X cartridge. The eluate is dried down under nitrogen, reconstituted with 70/30 methanol/water containing estriol and analyzed by liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry using multiple reaction monitoring in the negative mode. (Fredline VF, Taylor PJ, Dodds HM, Johnson AG. A reference method for the analysis of aldosterone in blood by high performance liquid chromatography-atmospheric pressure chemical ionization-tandem mass spectrometry. Anal Biochem. 1997;252[2]:308-313)

PDF Report

No

Day(s) Performed Monday through Friday

Report Available 2 to 5 days

Specimen Retention Time 14 days

Performing Laboratory Location

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Superior Drive



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Fees & Codes

Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to <u>Test Prices</u> for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact Customer Service.

Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

CPT Code Information

82088

LOINC[®] Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC [®] Value
APIVC	Aldosterone, IVC, P	1763-2

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC [®] Value
65425	Aldosterone, IVC, P	1763-2