

T-Cell Lymphoma Panel, Diagnostic, FISH,
Varies

Overview

Useful For

Detecting, at diagnosis, common chromosome abnormalities associated with specific T-cell lymphoma subtypes using a **laboratory-designated** probe set algorithm

This test should not be used to screen for residual T-cell lymphoma

Testing Algorithm

This test includes a charge for the probe application, analysis, and professional interpretation of results for 4 probe sets (8 individual fluorescence in situ hybridization [FISH] probes). Additional charges will be incurred for all reflex or additional probe sets performed. Analysis charges will be incurred based on the number of cells analyzed per probe set. If no cells are available for analysis, no analysis charges will be incurred.

This test is performed as panel testing only using the following analysis algorithm.

The initial (diagnostic) T-cell lymphoma FISH panel includes testing for the following abnormalities using the FISH probes listed:

The **diagnostic** T-cell lymphoma FISH panel includes testing for the following abnormalities using the FISH probes listed: i(7q) or isochromosome 7q, D7Z1/D7S486 probe set +8 or trisomy 8, D8Z2/MYC probe set

t(14q11.2;var) or *TRA* rearrangement, TRA break-apart probe set t(14q32.1;var) or *TCL1A* rearrangement, TCL1A break-apart probe set

When this test and flow cytometry testing for leukemia/lymphoma are ordered concurrently, the flow cytometry result will be utilized to determine if sufficient clonal T-cells are available for FISH testing. If the result does not identify a sufficient clonal T-cell population, this FISH test order will be canceled, and no charges will be incurred. The T-cell lymphoma subtype will be used by the laboratory to determine appropriate FISH probes, if determined and applicable.

Appropriate ancillary probes may be performed at consultant discretion to render comprehensive assessment. Any additional probes will have the results included within the final report and will be performed at an additional charge.

For more information Bone Marrow Staging for Known or Suspected Malignant Lymphoma Algorithm.

Special Instructions

Bone Marrow Staging for Known or Suspected Malignant Lymphoma Algorithm

Method Name

Fluorescence In Situ Hybridization (FISH)

NY State Available



T-Cell Lymphoma Panel, Diagnostic, FISH, Varies

Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type

Varies

Ordering Guidance

This test is intended for instances when a non-specific T-cell lymphoma fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) panel is needed. This test **should NOT be used** to screen for residual T-cell lymphoma.

This test should only be ordered if the specimen is known to have a sufficient clonal T-cell population. If a flow cytometry result is available and does not identify a sufficient clonal T-cell population, this test will be canceled and no charges will be incurred.

This test should NOT be used to screen for residual T-cell lymphoma.

If limited T-cell lymphoma FISH probes are preferred, order TLPMF / T-Cell Lymphoma, Specified FISH, Varies, and request specific probes for targeted abnormalities.

This assay detects chromosome abnormalities observed in blood or bone marrow specimens of patients with T-cell lymphoma. If a paraffin-embedded tissue specimen is submitted, the test will be canceled and TLYM / T-Cell Lymphoma, FISH, Tissue will be added and performed as the appropriate test.

For patients with T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia/lymphoma (T-ALL/LBL), order either TALAF / T-Cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia/Lymphoma (ALL), FISH, Adult, Varies or TALFP / Pediatric T-Lymphoblastic
Leukemia/Lymphoma Panel, FISH, Varies, depending on the age of the patient. For testing paraffin-embedded tissue samples from patients with T-cell lymphoblastic Lymphoma, see TLBLF / T-Cell Lymphoblastic Leukemia/Lymphoma, FISH, Tissue.

Shipping Instructions

Advise Express Mail or equivalent if not on courier service.

Necessary Information

- **1. A reason for testing must be provided.** If this information is not provided, an appropriate indication for testing may be entered by Mayo Clinic Laboratories.
- **2.** A flow cytometry and/or a bone marrow pathology report should be submitted with each specimen. The laboratory will not reject testing if this information is not provided, but appropriate testing and interpretation may be compromised or delayed.

Specimen Required

Submit only 1 of the following specimens:



T-Cell Lymphoma Panel, Diagnostic, FISH, Varies

Preferred

Specimen Type: Bone marrow

Container/Tube:

Preferred: Yellow top (ACD)

Acceptable: Green top (sodium heparin) or lavender top (EDTA)

Specimen Volume: 2-3 mL **Collection Instructions:**

1. It is preferable to send the first aspirate from the bone marrow collection.

2. Invert several times to mix bone marrow.

3. Send bone marrow in original tube. **Do not aliquot.**

Acceptable

Specimen Type: Whole blood

Container/Tube:

Preferred: Yellow top (ACD)

Acceptable: Green top (sodium heparin) or lavender top (EDTA)

Specimen Volume: 6 mL **Collection Instructions:**

1. Invert several times to mix blood.

2. Send whole blood specimen in original tube. Do not aliquot.

Specimen Minimum Volume

Bone marrow: 1 mL; Whole blood: 2 mL

Reject Due To

All specimens will be evaluated at Mayo Clinic Laboratories for test suitability.

Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Varies	Ambient (preferred)		
	Refrigerated		

Clinical & Interpretive

Clinical Information

T-cell malignancies account for approximately 10% of all non-Hodgkin lymphomas. There are subtypes of T-cell malignancies with diagnostic and prognostic genetic abnormalities. Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) is available for specific abnormalities in the following T-cell lymphoma subtypes (see Table).

Table. Common Chromosome Abnormalities in T-cell Lymphomas

Lymphoma type Chromosome abnormality FISH probe



T-Cell Lymphoma Panel, Diagnostic, FISH,
Varies

T-cell prolymphocytic leukemia	inv(14)(q11q32)/ (14;14)(q11;q32)	5'/3' TRA
		5'/3' TCL1A
Hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma	Isochromosome 7q	D7Z1/ D7S486
	Trisomy 8	D8Z2/MYC

Reference Values

An interpretive report will be provided.

Interpretation

A neoplastic clone is detected when the percent of cells with an abnormality exceeds the normal reference range for any given probe set.

The absence of an abnormal clone does not rule out the presence of lymphoma or another neoplastic disorder.

Detection of an abnormal clone supports a diagnosis of T-cell lymphoma. The specific abnormality detected may help to determine a specific T-cell lymphoma subtype.

Cautions

This test is not approved by the US Food and Drug Administration, and it is best used as an adjunct to existing clinical and pathologic information.

Bone marrow is the preferred sample type for this fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) test. If bone marrow is not available, a blood specimen may be used if there are neoplastic cells in the blood specimen (as verified by a hematopathologist).

If no FISH signals are observed post-hybridization, the case will be released indicating a lack of FISH results.

Clinical Reference

- 1. Swerdlow SH, Campo E, Harris NL, et al, eds. WHO Classification of Tumours of Haematopoietic and Lymphoid Tissues. 4th ed. Volume 2. IARC Press; 2017
- 2. Gesk S, Martin-Subero JI, Harder L, et al. Molecular cytogenetic detection of chromosomal breakpoints in T-cell receptor gene loci. Leukemia. 2003;17(4):738-745. doi:10.1038/sj.leu.2402884
- 3. Chin M, Mugishima H, Takamura M, et al. Hemophagocytic syndrome and hepatosplenic gammadelta T-cell lymphoma with isochromosome 7q and 8 trisomy. J Pediatr Hematol Oncol. 2004;26(6):375-378. doi:10.1097/00043426-200406000-00008

Performance

Method Description

This test is performed using commercially available and laboratory-developed probes. Rearrangements involving *TCL1A* and *TRA* are detected using dual-color break-apart strategy probe sets. Trisomy of chromosome 8 and isochromosome 7q are detected using enumeration strategy probe sets. For each probe set, 100 interphase nuclei are scored. All results



T-Cell Lymphoma Panel, Diagnostic, FISH,
Varies

are expressed as the percent abnormal nuclei. (Unpublished Mayo method)

PDF Report

No

Day(s) Performed

Monday through Friday

Report Available

7 to 10 days

Specimen Retention Time

4 weeks

Performing Laboratory Location

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Main Campus

Fees & Codes

Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to <u>Test Prices</u> for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact <u>Customer Service</u>.

Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

CPT Code Information

88271 x8, 88275 x4, 88291 x1- FISH Probe, Analysis, Interpretation; 4 probe set 88271 x2, 88275 x1 - FISH Probe, Analysis; each additional probe set (if appropriate)

LOINC® Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
TLPFD	T-lymphoma BM/BL panel, Diag, FISH	101682-3

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
622431	Result Summary	50397-9
622432	Interpretation	69965-2
622433	Result Table	93356-4
622434	Result	62356-1
GC162	Reason for Referral	42349-1



T-Cell Lymphoma Panel, Diagnostic, FISH, Varies

GC163	Specimen	31208-2
622435	Source	31208-2
622436	Method	85069-3
622437	Additional Information	48767-8
622438	Disclaimer	62364-5
622439	Released By	18771-6
GC161	Result Summary	50397-9