

# **Test Definition: CRSBF**

Crystal Identification, Body Fluid

### Overview

**Useful For** Identifying the presence and type of crystals in body fluid

Method Name Compensated Polarized Light Microscopy

NY State Available Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type Body Fluid

Specimen Required Specimen Required Specimen Type: Synovial Fluid, Prosthetic Joint Fluid Container/Tube: Lavender top (EDTA) Acceptable: Green top (heparin) Specimen Volume: 2 mL

Specimen Type: Bile Fluid Container/Tube: Red top Specimen Volume: 2 mL

Specimen Type: Bronchoalveolar Lavage (BAL) Container/Tube: Body fluid container Specimen Volume: 2 mL

Specimen Type: Pleural Fluid, Peritoneal Fluid, Pericardial fluid
Container/Tube:
Preferred: Body fluid container
Acceptable: Lavender top (EDTA) or Green top (heparin)
Specimen Volume: 2 mL

Specimen Minimum Volume 0.5 mL

#### **Reject Due To**



Crystal Identification, Body Fluid

All specimens will be evaluated at Mayo Clinic Laboratories for test suitability.

#### **Specimen Stability Information**

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Body Fluid	Refrigerated (preferred)		
	Ambient	24 hours	
	Frozen		

### **Clinical & Interpretive**

#### **Clinical Information**

Birefringent crystals are found in the synovial fluid of more than 90% of patients with acutely inflamed joints. Monosodium urate crystals are seen in gouty fluids and calcium pyrophosphate crystals are seen in chondrocalcinosis. The urates are usually needle-shaped, and the calcium crystals are often rhomboidal. Cholesterol crystals may also be observed.

#### **Reference Values**

None seen

If present, crystals are identified.

#### Interpretation

Positive identification of crystals provides a definitive diagnosis for joint disease.

#### Cautions

Powdered anticoagulants such as oxalate are themselves crystalline or may cause crystals to form; their use may cause false-positive results or mask the presence of synovial fluid crystals definitive for the disease.

#### **Clinical Reference**

Hussong JW, Kjeldsberg CR, eds: Kjeldsberg's Body Fluid Analysis. ASCP Press; 2015

#### Performance

#### **Method Description**

The specimen is examined with a polarizing microscope with and without a first-order red compensator. Cholesterol crystals appear as bright, square or rectangular plates. Pyrophosphate crystals, rhomboidal, are weakly birefringent. Urate crystals are mainly needle-shaped and strongly doubly refractile; they may be found within leukocytes.(Hussong JW, Sorensen E, Perkins SL, et al: Laboratory methods. In: Hussong JW, Kjeldsberg CR, eds. Kjeldsberg's Body Fluid Analysis. ASCP; 2015:chap 2)

#### PDF Report

No



# **Test Definition: CRSBF**

Crystal Identification, Body Fluid

### Day(s) Performed

Monday through Sunday

## **Report Available**

1 day

# Specimen Retention Time

1 week

## Performing Laboratory Location Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Main Campus

## Fees & Codes

#### Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to <u>Test Prices</u> for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact Customer Service.

### **Test Classification**

This test has been cleared, approved, or is exempt by the US Food and Drug Administration and is used per manufacturer's instructions. Performance characteristics were verified by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements.

#### **CPT Code Information**

89060

## LOINC<sup>®</sup> Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC <sup>®</sup> Value
CRSBF	Crystal ID, BF	6825-4

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC <sup>®</sup> Value
CRYFT	Fluid Type	14725-6
CRYID	Crystal ID	6825-4
CRYCM	Comment	77202-0