

Overview

Useful For

Evaluation of individuals with Coombs-negative nonspherocytic hemolytic anemia

Evaluation of individuals with exercise intolerance or myopathy

Genetic studies in families with phosphofructokinase deficiency

Method Name

Kinetic Spectrophotometry (KS)

NY State Available

Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type

Whole Blood ACD-B

Specimen Required

Container/Tube:

Preferred: Yellow top (ACD solution B)

Acceptable: Lavender top (EDTA) or yellow top (ACD solution A)

Specimen Volume: 6 mL

Collection Instructions:

1. Invert several times to mix blood.
2. Send whole blood specimen in original tube. **Do not aliquot.**

Forms

If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send a [Benign Hematology Test Request](#) (T755) with the specimen.

Specimen Minimum Volume

1 mL

Reject Due To

| | |
|-----------------|--------|
| Gross hemolysis | Reject |
| Fully clotted | Reject |

Specimen Stability Information

| Specimen Type | Temperature | Time | Special Container |
|-------------------|--------------|---------|-------------------|
| Whole Blood ACD-B | Refrigerated | 11 days | |

Clinical & Interpretive**Clinical Information**

Phosphofructokinase (PFK) is the third enzyme in glycolysis. It converts fructose-6-phosphate to fructose 1,6-diphosphate. PFK deficiency, also called glycogen storage disease, type VII or Tarui disease (OMIM 232800), is a rare hereditary autosomal recessive disorder that is typically noticed in childhood. Different clinical subtypes (classical, late-onset, infantile and hemolytic) have been described. Manifestations can vary, including exercise intolerance, exertional myopathy, nausea, stiffness, and myoglobinuria. Although not classically described, a second-wind effect is noticed by some patients.⁽¹⁾ A subset of individuals have compensated (high normal hemoglobin values) or mild hemolytic anemia, episodic jaundice, hyperuricemia, or gout-like symptoms. No distinctive morphologic abnormalities are seen on the peripheral blood smear. Red blood cell PFK activity is typically partially decreased (30%-50% mean normal) and muscle biopsy PFK activity is markedly decreased.

Reference Values

> or =12 months of age: 5.8-10.9 U/g Hb

Reference values have not been established for patients younger than 12 months.

Interpretation

Clinically significant disorders due to phosphofructokinase deficiency are associated with red blood cell activity levels less than 50% of mean normal. Unaffected heterozygotes have been reported with levels of 63% of normal. Therefore, genetic correlation will often be important in ambiguous cases.

Cautions

Recent transfusion may mask the patient's intrinsic erythrocyte (RBC) enzyme activity and cause unreliable results.

Some enzyme deficiency disorders can be masked by reticulocytosis and comparison of activities of other RBC enzyme activities in this panel can be useful.

Some enzyme deficiency disorders can be slightly decreased in normal neonates or conversely masked in the neonatal period. Repeating testing after age 1 year can be useful if features of myopathy are present.

Clinical Reference

1. Sherman JB, Raben N, Nicastrì C, et al. Common mutations in the phosphofructokinase-M gene in Ashkenazi Jewish patients with glycogenesis VII--and their population frequency. *Am J Hum Genet.* 1994;55(2):305-313
2. Tarui S, Okuno G, Ikura Y, Tanaka T, Suda M, Nishikawa M. Phosphofructokinase deficiency in a skeletal muscle. A new type of glycogenosis. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun.* 1965;19:517-23. doi:10.1016/0006-291x(65)90156-7
3. Musumeci O, Bruno C, Mongini T, et al. Clinical features and new molecular findings in muscle phosphofructokinase deficiency (GSD type VII). *Neuromuscul Disord.* 2012;22(4):325-330
4. Nakajima H, Raben N, Hamaguchi T, Yamasaki T. Phosphofructokinase deficiency; past, present and future. *Curr Mol Med.* 2002;2(2):197-212. doi:10.2174/1566524024605734

5. Auranen M, Palmio J, Ylikallio E, et al: PFKM gene defect and glycogen storage disease GSDVII with misleading enzyme histochemistry. *Neurol Genet.* 2015;1(1):e7. doi:10.1212/NXG.0000000000000007
6. Raben N, Sherman JB. Mutations in muscle phosphofructokinase gene. *Hum Mutat.* 1995;6(1):1-6. doi:10.1002/humu.1380060102
7. Koralkova P, van Solinge WW, van Wijk R. Rare hereditary red blood cell enzymopathies associated with hemolytic anemia-pathophysiology, clinical aspects and laboratory diagnosis. *Int J Lab Hematol.* 2014;36:388-397. doi:10.1111/ijlh.12223

Performance

Method Description

Phosphofructokinase (PFK) catalyzes the phosphorylation of fructose-6-phosphate by adenosine triphosphate (ATP) to fructose-1,6-diphosphate (F1,6-diP). F1,6-diP is then converted to dihydroxyacetone phosphate (DHAP) through subsequent aldolase and triosephosphate isomerase catalyzed reactions. The rate of formation of DHAP is measured by linking its reduction to alpha-glycerophosphate by alpha-glycerophosphate dehydrogenase, which results in the oxidation of reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NADH) to NAD(+). The decrease in absorbance at 340 nm is measured spectrophotometrically as the NADH is oxidized on an automated chemistry analyzer. (Beutler E. Red cell metabolism. A Manual of Biochemical Methods. 3rd ed. Grune and Stratton; 1984: 68-71; van Solinge WW, van Wijk. Enzymes of the red blood cell. In: Rifai N, Horvath AR, Wittwer CT, eds. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics. 6th ed. Elsevier; 2018:chap 30)

PDF Report

No

Day(s) Performed

Tuesday, Thursday

Report Available

1 to 6 days

Specimen Retention Time

7 days

Performing Laboratory Location

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Main Campus

Fees & Codes

Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

CPT Code Information

82657

LOINC® Information

| Test ID | Test Order Name | Order LOINC® Value |
|---------|------------------------|--------------------|
| PFK1 | Phosphofructokinase, B | 72664-6 |

| Result ID | Test Result Name | Result LOINC® Value |
|-----------|------------------------|---------------------|
| PFKCL | Phosphofructokinase, B | 72664-6 |