

Beta-2 Microglobulin, Random, Urine

#### **Overview**

#### **Useful For**

Evaluation of renal tubular damage

Monitoring exposure to cadmium and mercury

#### **Method Name**

Automated Chemiluminescent Immunometric Assay

#### **NY State Available**

Yes

# **Specimen**

# **Specimen Type**

Urine

# **Specimen Required**

**Patient Preparation:** For 12 hours before specimen collection, patient **should not** take multivitamins or dietary supplements (eg, hair, skin, and nail supplements) containing biotin (vitamin B7).

Supplies: Sarstedt Aliquot Tube, 5 mL (T914)

Container/Tube: Plastic, urine tube

**Specimen Volume:** 1 mL Collection Instructions:

- 1. Patient should empty bladder.
- 2. Have patient drink at least 0.5 liters of water.
- 3. Within 1 hour, collect a random urine specimen.
- 4. Add 1M sodium hydroxide (NaOH) as preservative to the collection. This preservative is intended to achieve an approximate pH of between 6 and 8.

#### **Forms**

If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send a Renal Diagnostics Test Request (T830) with the specimen.

# Specimen Minimum Volume

0.5mL

# **Reject Due To**

Specimen with	Reject
pH <6	



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#### **Specimen Stability Information**

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Urine	Frozen (preferred)	14 days	
	Refrigerated	48 hours	

# Clinical & Interpretive

#### **Clinical Information**

Beta-2 microglobulin is a low-molecular-weight protein that forms the light chain component of class I histocompatibility (HLA: human leukocyte antigen) antigens. Because of its low molecular weight (11,800 daltons), 95% of free beta-2 microglobulin is rapidly eliminated by glomerular filtration. Proximal tubular cells then take up 99.9% of this filtered amount by endocytosis, after which degradation to amino acids occurs. Normal urinary excretion of beta-2 microglobulin is less than 370 micrograms per 24 hours; higher rates are interpreted as evidence of tubular dysfunction.

Increased urine levels are seen in proximal tubular renal damage due to a variety of causes including Wilson disease, Fanconi syndrome, untreated congenital galactosemia, nephrocalcinosis, cystinosis, chronic potassium depletion, interstitial nephritis, connective-tissue diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis and Sjogren syndrome. Occupational exposure to heavy metals, such as cadmium and mercury, could also lead to increase levels of beta-2 microglobulin in urine.

#### **Reference Values**

< or =300 mcg/L

#### Interpretation

Increased excretion is consistent with renal tubular damage.

Beta-2 microglobulin excretion is increased 100 to 1000 times the upper limit of the reference interval in cadmium-exposed workers.

# **Cautions**

Degradation of beta-2 microglobulin occurs at pH less than 6. At the time of urine collection, 1M sodium hydroxide needs to be added as preservative to achieve a pH between 6 and 8.

For diagnostic purposes, the results obtained from this assay should always be used in combination with the clinical examination, patient medical history, and other findings.

# **Clinical Reference**

- 1. Ikeda M, Ezaki T, Tsukahara T, et al. Threshold levels of urinary cadmium in relation to increases in urinary beta2-microglobulin among general Japanese populations. Toxicol Lett. 2003;137(3):135-141
- 2. Moriguchi J, Ezaki T, Tsukahara T, et al. Comparative evaluation of four urinary tubular dysfunction markers, with special references to the effects of aging and correction for creatinine concentration. Toxicol Lett. 2003;143(3):279-290
- 3. Stefanovic V, Cukuranovic R, Mitic-Zlatkovic M, Hall PW. Increased urinary albumin excretion in children from families with Balkan nephropathy. Pediatr Nephrol. 2002;17(11):913-916
- 4. Assounga AG. Beta 2 microglobulin in kidney failure: A review and an algorithm for renal replacement therapy. Saudi J



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Kidney Dis Transpl. 2021;32(5):1214-1220. doi:10.4103/1319-2442.344740

5. Khanijou V, Zafari N, Coughlan MT, MacIsaac RJ, Ekinci EI. Review of potential biomarkers of inflammation and kidney injury in diabetic kidney disease. Diabetes Metab Res Rev. 2022;38(6):e3556. doi:10.1002/dmrr.3556

#### **Performance**

### **Method Description**

Testing is performed on the Immulite 2000. The Immulite 2000 Beta-2 Microglobulin assay is a solid phase, 2-site chemiluminescent enzyme-labeled immunometric assay. The solid-phase bead is coated with an affinity-purified murine monoclonal anti-beta-2 antibody. The serum sample and alkaline phosphatase conjugated affinity-purified goat polyclonal anti-beta-2 antibody are incubated to bind beta-2 microglobulin into an antibody sandwich complex.

The chemiluminescent substrate, a phosphate ester of adamantyl dioxetane, in the presence of alkaline phosphatase produces light proportional to the concentration of the beta-2 microglobulin in the sample. (Package insert: IMMULITE 2000 Beta-2 Microglobulin. Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics; 03/15/2018)

#### **PDF Report**

No

# Day(s) Performed

Monday, Wednesday, Friday

#### Report Available

1 to 3 days

#### **Specimen Retention Time**

2 weeks

## **Performing Laboratory Location**

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Superior Drive

# **Fees & Codes**

#### Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to <u>Test Prices</u> for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact <u>Customer Service</u>.

#### **Test Classification**

This test has been cleared, approved, or is exempt by the US Food and Drug Administration and is used per manufacturer's instructions. Performance characteristics were verified by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements.



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# **CPT Code Information**

82232

# **LOINC®** Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
B2MU	Beta-2 Microglobulin, U	1953-9

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
B2MU	Beta-2 Microglobulin, U	1953-9