

Overview
Useful For

Screening tool to confirm a hematologic disorder, to establish or rule out a diagnosis, to detect an unsuspected hematologic disorder, or to monitor effects of radiation or chemotherapy

Reflex Tests

Test ID	Reporting Name	Available Separately	Always Performed
DIFFR	Morphology Eval (special Smear)	No	No
PINTP	Peripheral Smear Interpretation	No	No

Testing Algorithm

A morphology evaluation is performed at an additional charge when the automated 5-part differential is invalid or when abnormal results are identified upon microscopic examination.

A peripheral blood smear review is performed at an additional charge when pathologist expertise is needed for clinically significant diagnosis.

Method Name

RF/DC (Radio Frequency/Direct Current) Detection/Hydrodynamic Focusing (DC Detection), Flow Cytometry (Using a Semiconductor Laser)/Sodium Lauryl Sulfate (SLS) Hemoglobin

NY State Available

Yes

Specimen
Specimen Type

Whole Blood EDTA

Specimen Required

Container/Tube: Lavender top (EDTA)

Specimen Volume: 3 mL

Specimen Minimum Volume

1.5 mL

Reject Due To

Gross hemolysis	Reject
Other	Clotted

Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Whole Blood EDTA	Refrigerated (preferred)	48 hours	
	Ambient	24 hours	

Clinical and Interpretive
Clinical Information

RBCs, WBCs, and platelets are produced in the bone marrow and released into the peripheral blood. The primary function of the RBC is to deliver oxygen to tissues. WBCs are key components of the immune system. Platelets play a vital role in blood clotting.

Mean corpuscular volume (MCV) is a measure of the size of the average RBC. Anemias are characterized as microcytic (MCV <80), macrocytic (MCV >100), or normocytic. The red cell distribution width (RDW) is a measure of the degree of variation in RBC size (anisocytosis). RDW may be helpful in distinguishing between some anemias. For example, iron deficiency anemia is characterized by a high RDW, while thalassemia is characterized by a low RDW.

These counts are used as clinical guides in the diagnosis or monitoring of many diseases.

Reference Values
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)

Males:

0-14 days: 4.10-5.55 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L

15 days-4 weeks: 3.16-4.63 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L

5 weeks-7 weeks: 3.02-4.22 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L

8 weeks-5 months: 3.43-4.80 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L

6 months-23 months: 4.03-5.07 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L

24 months-35 months: 3.89-4.97 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L

3-5 years: 4.00-5.10 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L

6-10 years: 4.10-5.20 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L

11-14 years: 4.20-5.30 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L

15-17 years: 4.30-5.70 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L

Adults: 4.35-5.65 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L

Females:

0-14 days: 4.12-5.74 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L15 days-4 weeks: 3.32-4.80 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L5 weeks-7 weeks: 2.93-3.87 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L8 weeks-5 months: 3.45-4.75 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L6 months-23 months: 3.97-5.01 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L24 months-35 months: 3.84-4.92 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L3-5 years: 4.00-5.10 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L6-10 years: 4.10-5.20 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L11-14 years: 4.10-5.10 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L15-17 years: 3.80-5.00 x 10⁽¹²⁾/LAdults: 3.92-5.13 x 10⁽¹²⁾/L

HEMOGLOBIN

Males:

0-14 days: 13.9-19.1 g/dL

15 days-4 weeks: 10.0-15.3 g/dL

5 weeks-7 weeks: 8.9-12.7 g/dL

8 weeks-5 months: 9.6-12.4 g/dL

6 months-23 months: 10.1-12.5 g/dL

24 months-35 months: 10.2-12.7 g/dL

3-5 years: 11.4-14.3 g/dL

6-8 years: 11.5-14.3 g/dL

9-10 years: 11.8-14.7 g/dL

11-14 years: 12.4-15.7 g/dL

15-17 years: 13.3-16.9 g/dL

Adults: 13.2-16.6 g/dL

Females:

0-14 days: 13.4-20.0 g/dL

15 days-4 weeks: 10.8-14.6 g/dL

5 weeks-7 weeks: 9.2-11.4 g/dL

8 weeks-5 months: 9.9-12.4 g/dL

6 months-35 months: 10.2-12.7 g/dL

3-5 years: 11.4-14.3 g/dL

6-8 years: 11.5-14.3 g/dL

9-10 years: 11.8-14.7 g/dL

11-17 years: 11.9-14.8 g/dL

Adults: 11.6-15.0 g/dL

HEMATOCRIT

Males:

0-14 days: 39.8-53.6%

15 days-4 weeks: 30.5-45.0%

5 weeks-7 weeks: 26.8-37.5%

8 weeks-5 months: 28.6-37.2%

6 months-23 months: 30.8-37.8%

24 months-35 months: 31.0-37.7%

3-7 years: 34-42%

8-11 years: 35-43%

12-15 years: 38-47%

16-17 years: 40-50%

Adults: 38.3-48.6%

Females:

0-14 days: 39.6-57.2%

15 days-4 weeks: 32.0-44.5%

5 weeks-7 weeks: 27.7-35.1%

8 weeks-5 months: 29.5-37.1%

6 months-23 months: 30.9-37.9%

24 months-35 months: 31.2-37.8%

3-7 years: 34-42%

8-17 years: 35-43%

Adults: 35.5-44.9%

MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)

Males:

0-14 days: 91.3-103.1 fL

15 days-4 weeks: 89.4-99.7 fL

5 weeks-7 weeks: 84.3-94.2 fL

8 weeks-5 months: 74.1-87.5 fL

6 months-23 months: 69.5-81.7 fL

24 months-35 months: 71.3-84.0 fL

3-5 years: 77.2-89.5 fL

6-11 years: 77.8-91.1 fL

12-14 years: 79.9-93.0 fL

15-17 years: 82.5-98.0 fL

Adults: 78.2-97.9 fL

Females:

0-14 days: 92.7-106.4 fL

15 days-4 weeks: 90.1-103.0 fL

5 weeks-7 weeks: 83.4-96.4 fL

8 weeks-5 months: 74.8-88.3 fL

6 months-23 months: 71.3-82.6 fL

24 months-35 months: 72.3-85.0 fL

3-5 years: 77.2-89.5 fL

6-11 years: 77.8-91.1 fL

12-14 years: 79.9-93.0 fL

15-17 years: 82.5-98.0 fL

Adults: 78.2-97.9 3 fL

RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)

Males:

0-14 days: 14.8-17.0%

15 days-4 weeks: 14.3-16.8%

5 weeks-7 weeks: 13.8-16.1%

8 weeks-5 months: 12.4-15.3%

6 months-23 months: 12.9-15.6%

24 months-35 months: 12.5-14.9%

3-5 years: 11.3-13.4%

6-17 years: 11.4-13.5%

Adults: 11.8-14.5%

Females:

0-14 days: 14.6-17.3%

15 days-4 weeks: 14.4-16.2%

5 weeks-7 weeks: 13.6-15.8%

8 weeks-5 months: 12.2-14.3%

6 months-23 months: 12.7-15.1%

24 months-35 months: 12.4-14.9%

3-5 years: 11.3-13.4%

6-17 years: 11.4-13.5%

Adults: 12.2-16.1%

WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT (WBC)

Males:

0-14 days: 8.0-15.4 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

15 days-4 weeks: 7.8-15.9 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

5 weeks-7 weeks: 8.1-15.0 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

8 weeks-5 months: 6.5-13.3 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

6 months-23 months: 6.0-13.5 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

24 months-35 months: 5.1-13.4 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

3-5 years: 4.4-12.9 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

6-17 years: 3.8-10.4 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

Adults: 3.4-9.6 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

Females:

0-14 days: 8.2-14.6 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

15 days-4 weeks: 8.4-14.4 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

5 weeks-7 weeks: 7.1-14.7 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

8 weeks-5 months: 6.0-13.3 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

6 months-23 months: 6.5-13.0 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

24 months-35 months: 4.9-13.2 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

3-5 years: 4.4-12.9 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

6-17 years: 3.8-10.4 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

Adults: 3.4-9.6 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

PLATELETS

Males:

0-14 days: 218-419 x 10⁽⁹⁾/L

15 days-4 weeks: $248-586 \times 10(9)/L$

5 weeks-7 weeks: $229-562 \times 10(9)/L$

8 weeks-5 months: $244-529 \times 10(9)/L$

6 months-23 months: $206-445 \times 10(9)/L$

24 months-35 months: $202-403 \times 10(9)/L$

3-5 years: $187-445 \times 10(9)/L$

6-9 years: $187-400 \times 10(9)/L$

10-13 years: $177-381 \times 10(9)/L$

14-17 years: $139-320 \times 10(9)/L$

Adults: $135-317 \times 10(9)/L$

Females:

0-14 days: $144-449 \times 10(9)/L$

15 days-4 weeks: $279-571 \times 10(9)/L$

5 weeks-7 weeks: $331-597 \times 10(9)/L$

8 weeks-5 months: $247-580 \times 10(9)/L$

6 months-23 months: $214-459 \times 10(9)/L$

24 months-35 months: $189-394 \times 10(9)/L$

3-5 years: $187-445 \times 10(9)/L$

6-9 years: $187-400 \times 10(9)/L$

10-13 years: $177-381 \times 10(9)/L$

14-17 years: $158-362 \times 10(9)/L$

Adults: $157-371 \times 10(9)/L$

NEUTROPHILS

Males:

0-14 days: $1.60-6.06 \times 10(9)/L$

15 days-4 weeks: $1.18-5.45 \times 10(9)/L$

5 weeks-7 weeks: $0.83-4.23 \times 10(9)/L$

8 weeks-5 months: $0.97-5.45 \times 10(9)/L$

6 months-23 months: $1.19-7.21 \times 10(9)/L$

24 months-35 months: $1.54-7.92 \times 10(9)/L$

3-5 years: $1.60-7.80 \times 10(9)/L$

6-16 years: $1.40-6.10 \times 10(9)/L$

17 years: $1.80-7.20 \times 10(9)/L$

Adults: $1.56-6.45 \times 10(9)/L$

Females:

0-14 days: $1.73-6.75 \times 10(9)/L$

15 days-4 weeks: $1.23-4.80 \times 10(9)/L$

5 weeks-7 weeks: $1.00-4.68 \times 10(9)/L$

8 weeks-5 months: $1.04-7.20 \times 10(9)/L$

6 months-23 months: $1.27-7.18 \times 10(9)/L$

24 months-35 months: $1.60-8.29 \times 10(9)/L$

3-5 years: $1.60-7.80 \times 10(9)/L$

6-14 years: $1.50-6.50 \times 10(9)/L$

15-17 years: $2.00-7.40 \times 10(9)/L$

Adults: $1.56-6.45 \times 10(9)/L$

LYMPHOCYTES

Males:

0-14 days: $2.07-7.53 \times 10(9)/L$

15 days-4 weeks: $2.11-8.38 \times 10(9)/L$

5 weeks-7 weeks: $2.47-7.95 \times 10(9)/L$

8 weeks-5 months: $2.45-8.89 \times 10(9)/L$

6 months-23 months: $1.56-7.83 \times 10(9)/L$

24 months-35 months: $1.13-5.52 \times 10^9/L$

3-5 years: $1.60-5.30 \times 10^9/L$

6-11 years: $1.40-3.90 \times 10^9/L$

12-17 years: $1.00-3.20 \times 10^9/L$

Adults: $0.95-3.07 \times 10^9/L$

Females:

0-14 days: $1.75-8.00 \times 10^9/L$

15 days-4 weeks: $2.42-8.20 \times 10^9/L$

5 weeks-7 weeks: $2.29-9.14 \times 10^9/L$

8 weeks-5 months: $2.14-8.99 \times 10^9/L$

6 months-23 months: $1.52-8.09 \times 10^9/L$

24 months-35 months: $1.25-5.77 \times 10^9/L$

3-5 years: $1.60-5.30 \times 10^9/L$

6-11 years: $1.40-3.90 \times 10^9/L$

12-17 years: $1.00-3.20 \times 10^9/L$

Adults: $0.95-3.07 \times 10^9/L$

MONOCYTES

Males:

0-14 days: $0.52-1.77 \times 10^9/L$

15 days-4 weeks: $0.28-1.38 \times 10^9/L$

5 weeks-7 weeks: $0.28-1.05 \times 10^9/L$

8 weeks-5 months: $0.28-1.07 \times 10^9/L$

6 months-23 months: $0.25-1.15 \times 10^9/L$

24 months-35 months: $0.19-0.94 \times 10^9/L$

3-5 years: $0.30-0.90 \times 10^9/L$

6-17 years: $0.20-0.80 \times 10^9/L$

Adults: 0.26-0.81 x 10(9)/L

Females:

0-14 days: 0.57-1.72 x 10(9)/L

15 days-4 weeks: 0.42-1.21 x 10(9)/L

5 weeks-7 weeks: 0.28-1.21 x 10(9)/L

8 weeks-5 months: 0.24-1.17 x 10(9)/L

6 months-23 months: 0.26-1.08 x 10(9)/L

24 months-35 months: 0.24-0.92 x 10(9)/L

3-5 years: 0.30-0.90 x 10(9)/L

6-17 years: 0.20-0.80 x 10(9)/L

Adults: 0.26-0.81 x 10(9)/L

EOSINOPHILS

Males:

0-14 days: 0.12-0.66 x 10(9)/L

15 days-4 weeks: 0.08-0.80 x 10(9)/L

5 weeks-7 weeks: 0.05-0.57 x 10(9)/L

8 weeks-5 months: 0.03-0.61 x 10(9)/L

6 months-23 months: 0.02-0.82 x 10(9)/L

24 months-35 months: 0.03-0.53 x 10(9)/L

3-11 years: 0.00-0.50 x 10(9)/L

12-17 years: 0.10-0.20 x 10(9)/L

Adults: 0.03-0.48 x 10(9)/L

Females:

0-14 days: 0.09-0.64 x 10(9)/L

15 days-4 weeks: 0.06-0.75 x 10(9)/L

5 weeks-7 weeks: 0.04-0.63 x 10(9)/L

8 weeks-5 months: $0.02-0.74 \times 10(9)/L$

6 months-23 months: $0.02-0.58 \times 10(9)/L$

24 months-35 months: $0.03-0.46 \times 10(9)/L$

3-11 years: $0.00-0.50 \times 10(9)/L$

12-17 years: $0.10-0.20 \times 10(9)/L$

Adults: $0.03-0.48 \times 10(9)/L$

BASOPHILS

Males:

0-14 days: $0.02-0.11 \times 10(9)/L$

15 days-7 weeks: $0.01-0.07 \times 10(9)/L$

8 weeks-35 months: $0.01-0.06 \times 10(9)/L$

3-17 years: $0.00-0.10 \times 10(9)/L$

Adults: $0.01-0.08 \times 10(9)/L$

Females:

0-14 days: $0.02-0.07 \times 10(9)/L$

15 days-4 weeks: $0.01-0.06 \times 10(9)/L$

5 weeks-7 weeks: $0.01-0.05 \times 10(9)/L$

8 weeks-5 months: $0.01-0.07 \times 10(9)/L$

6 months-35 months: $0.01-0.06 \times 10(9)/L$

3-17 years: $0.00-0.10 \times 10(9)/L$

Adults: $0.01-0.08 \times 10(9)/L$

Interpretation

Results outside of normal value ranges may reflect a primary disorder of the cell-producing organs or an underlying disease. Results should be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's clinical picture and appropriate additional testing performed.

Cautions

Questionable results are detected by in-house checking criteria based on quantitative and qualitative parameters.

Defined laboratory instrument or patient flagging criteria may trigger peripheral blood smear review resulting in consultant readout of hematologic abnormalities.

Clinical Reference

1. Adel K, Raizman J, Chen Y, et al: Complex biological profile of hematologic markers across pediatric, adult, and geriatric ages: establishment of robust pediatric and adult reference intervals on the basis of the Canadian Health Measures Survey. Clin Chem 2015;61:8
2. CLSI. Defining, Establishing, and Verifying Reference Intervals in the Clinical Laboratory; Approved Guideline, Third Edition. CLSI document EP28-A3c. Wayne, PA, Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute, 2008
3. Soldin J, Brugnara C, Wong EC: Pediatric Reference Intervals. Fifth Edition. AACC Press. Washington, DC, 2005. ISBN 1-594250-32-4

Performance

Method Description

The Sysmex XN 9000 performs hematology analysis according to the hydrodynamic focusing (DC detection), flow cytometry method (semiconductor laser), and sodium lauryl sulfate (SLS)-hemoglobin method. (Instruction manual: Automated Hematology Analyzer XN series [XN-9000], Code No. CJ410539. North American Edition. November 2015)

PDF Report

No

Day(s) and Time(s) Test Performed

Monday through Sunday; Continuously

Analytic Time

Same day/1 day

Maximum Laboratory Time

1 day

Specimen Retention Time

1 day

Performing Laboratory Location

Rochester

Fees and Codes

Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their Regional Manager. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

Test Classification

This test has been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and is used per manufacturer's instructions. Performance characteristics were verified by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements.

CPT Code Information

85025

85007 (if appropriate)

85060 (if appropriate)

LOINC® Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC Value
CBC	CBC with Differential, B	57021-8

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC Value
HGB	Hemoglobin	718-7
HCT	Hematocrit	4544-3
RBC	Erythrocytes	789-8
MCV	MCV	787-2
RDW	RBC Distrib Width	788-0
WBC	Leukocytes	6690-2
NEUAA	Neutrophils	751-8
LYMAA	Lymphocytes	731-0
MONAA	Monocytes	742-7
EOSAA	Eosinophils	711-2
BASAA	Basophils	704-7
PLTC	Platelet Count	777-3