Overview

Useful For
Diagnosis of primary CoQ10 deficiencies in some patients who are not supplemented with CoQ10

Diagnosis of coenzyme Q10 (CoQ10) deficiency in mitochondrial disorders

Monitoring CoQ10 status during treatment of various degenerative conditions including Parkinson and Alzheimer disease

This test is not useful for distinguishing primary CoQ10 deficiencies from acquired CoQ10 deficiencies.

Genetics Test Information
This test is appropriate for the diagnosis of secondary coenzyme Q10 (CoQ10) deficiency, and in some patients with primary CoQ10 deficiency who are not supplemented with CoQ10. It is also used to monitor CoQ10 status in patients with mitochondrial cytopathies, patients receiving statin therapy, or during treatment of various degenerative conditions including Parkinson and Alzheimer diseases.

Method Name
High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) with Electrochemical Detection

NY State Available
Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type
Plasma Heparin

Advisory Information
This test provides both reduced and total coenzyme Q10. For assessment of total only, order TQ10 / Coenzyme Q10, Total, Plasma.

The level of oxidized Q10 was affected in specimens with even slight amounts of hemolysis; however, the total Q10 level remains constant. Hemolyzed specimens can be analyzed for total Q10 using TQ10 / Coenzyme Q10, Total, Plasma.

The most reliable test for the diagnosis of primary defects in ubiquinone (CoQ10) biosynthesis is direct measurement of CoQ10 in muscle.

Shipping Instructions
If possible, do not send other tests ordered on same vial of plasma. In doing so, the other tests may have increased turnaround time due to the strict frozen criteria of this assay.

Specimen Required
Patient Preparation: Fasting (8 hours)

Collection Container/Tube: Green top (lithium or sodium heparin)
Submission Container/Tube: Plastic vial

Specimen Volume: 0.5 mL

Collection Instructions:
1. Immediately after collection, place specimen on wet ice. Maintain on wet ice and process within 3 hours of collection.
2. Centrifuge, separate plasma from cells, and immediately freeze specimen.

Forms
If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send an Inborn Errors of Metabolism Test Request (T798) with the specimen.

Specimen Minimum Volume
0.3 mL

Reject Due To

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reject Due To</th>
<th>Status</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gross hemolysis</td>
<td>Reject</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gross lipemia</td>
<td>Reject</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gross icterus</td>
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Specimen Stability Information

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<th>Temperature</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Special Container</th>
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<tr>
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Clinical and Interpretive

Clinical Information
Coenzyme Q10 (CoQ10) is an essential cofactor in the mitochondrial respiratory chain responsible for oxidative phosphorylation where it functions as an electron carrier and acts as an antioxidant. It is found in all cell membranes and is carried by lipoproteins in the circulation. Approximately 60% of CoQ10 is associated with low-density lipoprotein (LDL), 25% with high-density lipoprotein (HDL), and 15% with other lipoproteins. CoQ10 is present in the body in both the reduced and oxidized forms, with the antioxidant activity of CoQ10 dependent on both its concentration and its reduction-oxidation (redox) status.

CoQ10 deficiencies, which are clinically and genetically diverse, can occur due to defects in genes involved in the biosynthesis of ubiquinone (primary CoQ10 deficiency) or due to other causes such as mitochondrial disorders (secondary or CoQ10 deficiency).

Five major clinical phenotypes of CoQ10 deficiency have been described:

- Encephalomyopathy (elevated serum creatine kinase [CK], recurrent myoglobinuria, lactic acidosis)
-Cerebellar ataxia and atrophy (neuropathy, hypogonadism)

-Severe multisystemic infant form (nystagmus, optic atrophy, sensorineural hearing loss, dystonia, rapidly progressing nephropathy)

-Glomerulopathy

-Isolated myopathy (exercise intolerance, fatigue, elevated serum CK)

Treatment with CoQ10 in patients with mitochondrial cytopathies can improve mitochondrial respiration in both brain and skeletal muscle.

CoQ10 has been implicated in other disease processes, including Parkinson disease, diabetes, and Alzheimer disease, as well as in aging and oxidative stress. CoQ10 may also play a role in hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase inhibitor (statin) therapy; changes in CoQ10 may be relevant to statin-induced myalgia. Additionally, the redox status of CoQ10 may be a useful early marker for the detection of oxidative LDL modification.

**Reference Values**

**CoQ10 REDUCED**

<18 years: 320-1,376 mcg/L  
> or =18 years: 415-1,480 mcg/L

**CoQ10 TOTAL**

<18 years: 320-1,558 mcg/L  
> or =18 years: 433-1,532 mcg/L

**CoQ10 % REDUCED**

<18 years: 93-100%  
> or =18 years: 92-98%


**Interpretation**

Abnormal results are reported with a detailed interpretation including an overview of the results and their significance, a correlation to available clinical information provided with the specimen, differential diagnosis, and recommendations for additional testing when indicated and available.

**Cautions**

Coenzyme Q10 (CoQ10) is sensitive to specimen handling and transport temperature. Failure to follow the specimen handling and transportation recommendations may lead to false-positive results.

**Clinical Reference**


Performance

Method Description

PDF Report
No

Day(s) and Time(s) Test Performed
Tuesday, Friday

Analytic Time
3 days (not reported Saturday or Sunday)

Maximum Laboratory Time
5 days

Specimen Retention Time
1 month

Performing Laboratory Location
Rochester

Fees and Codes

Fees
- Authorized users can sign in to Test Prices for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact Customer Service 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their Regional Manager. For assistance, contact Customer Service.

Test Classification
This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. This test has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.
**Test Definition: Q10**
Coenzyme Q10, Reduced and Total, P

### CPT Code Information
82542

### LOINC® Information

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