Overview

Useful For
Aids in the rapid diagnosis of herpes simplex virus (HSV)-1 and HSV-2 infections of the central nervous system

Testing Algorithm
See Meningitis/Encephalitis Panel Algorithm in Special Instructions.

Special Instructions
- Meningitis/Encephalitis Panel Algorithm

Method Name
Real-Time Polymerase Chain Reaction (RT-PCR)

NY State Available
Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type
CSF

Specimen Required

Supplies: Aliquot Tube, 5 mL (T465)

Container/Tube: Aliquot tube (12- x 75-mm screw cap vial: T465)

Specimen Volume: 0.2 mL

Collection Instructions: Do not centrifuge or heat-inactivate.

Additional Information:

1. The high sensitivity of amplification by PCR requires the specimen to be processed in an environment in which contamination of the specimen by herpes simplex virus DNA is not likely.

2. Specimens that are received with less than the minimum volume required for all testing requested will be canceled.

Forms
If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send a Microbiology Test Request (T244) with the specimen.

Specimen Minimum Volume
0.1 mL

Reject Due To
- Heat-treated spinal fluid  Reject
Test Definition: HSVC
Herpes Simplex Virus, PCR, CSF

Specimen Stability Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specimen Type</th>
<th>Temperature</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Special Container</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CSF</td>
<td>Refrigerated (preferred)</td>
<td>7 days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Frozen</td>
<td>7 days</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Clinical and Interpretive

Clinical Information

Herpes simplex virus (HSV)-1 and HSV-2 are members of the Alpha herpesviridae subfamily. HSV is an enveloped virus with a capsid containing viral DNA. Although HSV-1 and HSV-2 are closely related, the 2 viruses are serologically and genetically distinct.(1,2)

HSV-1 and -2 are common causes of dermal and genital infections; however, in some cases, infection with HSV may result in central nervous system (CNS) disease that is considered a medical emergency. HSV infection of the CNS may result in encephalitis (more commonly associated with HSV-1) or meningitis (more commonly associated with HSV-2).

Encephalitis is inflammation of the brain associated with clinical evidence of neurologic dysfunction. Of the pathogens reported to cause encephalitis, the majority are viruses.(3) In general, the most commonly identified etiologies in the United States are HSV, West Nile virus, and the enteroviruses, followed by other herpesviruses.(3)

HSV causes about 5% to 10% of all encephalitis cases, and is one of the most common causes of identified sporadic encephalitis globally.(3) HSV encephalitis occurs in all ages, and during all seasons. HSV-1 encephalitis is more common in adults, and HSV-2 encephalitis is more common in neonates.(3) One study reported a neonatal herpes rate of 1 case per 3,200 live births in the United States.(4)

Clinical features involved with HSV encephalitis include fever, hemicranial headache, language and behavioral abnormalities, memory impairment, and seizures.(3)

Reference Values

Negative

Interpretation

A positive result suggests the presence of herpes simplex virus (HSV)-1 and/or HSV-2 DNA in the cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) sample.

A negative result suggests that HSV-1 and HSV-2 DNA are not present in the CSF sample.

An invalid result points to the inability to determine presence or absence of HSV-1 or HSV-2 DNA in the CSF sample.

Cautions

This test is not validated for sample types other than cerebrospinal fluid (CSF).

Negative results do not preclude herpes simplex virus (HSV)-1 or HSV-2 infection and should not be used as the sole basis for treatment or other patient management decisions.
False-negative results may occur if the viruses are present at a level that is below the analytical sensitivity of the assay or if the virus has genomic mutations, insertions, deletions, or rearrangements, or if the assay is performed very early in the course of illness.

For encephalitis patients with a negative herpes simplex PCR result, consideration should be given to repeating the test 3 to 7 days later for patients demonstrating a compatible clinical syndrome or temporal lobe localization on neuroimaging.(3)

The performance of this test has not been established for immunocompromised individuals, nor has it been established for monitoring treatment of HSV infection of the central nervous system.

**Supportive Data**

**Accuracy:**

To assess the accuracy of the Diasorin( Focus) Simplexa (herpes simplex virus)-1 and -2 Direct assay, clinical cerebrospinal fluid specimens (n=100) were tested and the results compared to those of the Roche HSV-1/2 analyte specific reagents.(6) Samples showing discordant results were tested by a third method (artus HSV-1/2; Qiagen). The results are summarized below in Tables 1 and 2:

Table 1. Comparison of the Simplexa HSV-1 Direct Assay to the Roche ASR using Clinical CSF Samples (n=100)(a).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Simplexa HSV-1</th>
<th>Roche HSV-1 ASR (b)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensitivity (95% CI): 100% (70-100)

Specificity (95% CI): 100% (94.8-100)

Table 2. Comparison of the Simplexa HSV-2 Direct Assay to the Roche ASR using Clinical CSF Samples (n=100)(a).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Simplexa HSV-2</th>
<th>Roche HSV-2 ASR (b)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>37</td>
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<tr>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>37</td>
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<tr>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensitivity (95% CI): 100% (88.8-100)

Specificity (95% CI): 98.3% (90.2-99.9)

(a) Only 96 samples are summarized. This is because 4 samples were found to be HSV detected-type indeterminate by the Roche ASR. These results are summarized in footnote b.
(b) One sample was HSV detected-type indeterminate by the Roche ASR and positive for HSV-1 by the Diasorin (Focus) Simplexa assay. In addition, 3 samples were HSV detected-type indeterminate by the Roche ASR but negative by the Simplexa HSV-1 assay. These 3 samples were tested by a third method (artus HSV-1/2; Qiagen) and were negative for HSV-1 and -2. Testing was also repeated by the Roche ASR and the results were negative upon repeat testing.

Clinical Reference

Performance

Method Description
The Simplexa HSV (herpes simplex virus)-1 and -2 Direct assay system is a real-time PCR that enables the direct amplification, detection, and differentiation of HSV-1 and HSV-2 DNA from unprocessed spinal fluid specimens without nucleic acid extraction.

In this assay, bifunctional fluorescent probe primers are used together with corresponding reverse primers to amplify HSV-1, HSV-2, and internal control targets. Well-conserved regions of the HSV-1 and HSV-2 DNA polymerase genes are targeted to identify HSV-1 and HSV-2 DNA, respectively, in the specimen. An internal control is used to detect PCR failure or inhibition. (Binnicker MJ, Espy MJ, Irish CL: Rapid and direct detection of herpes simplex virus in cerebrospinal fluid using a commercial real-time PCR assay. J Clin Microbiol. Oct 1. PMID 25274992; Package insert: Simplexa HSV 1 and 2 Direct, Focus Diagnostics, Cypress, CA, 07/07/2014)

PDF Report
No

Day(s) and Time(s) Test Performed
Monday through Sunday; Varies

Analytic Time
1 day/same day

Maximum Laboratory Time
2 days

**Specimen Retention Time**
1 week

**Performing Laboratory Location**
Rochester

**Fees and Codes**

**Fees**
- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their Regional Manager. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

**Test Classification**
This test has been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and is used per manufacturer's instructions. Performance characteristics were verified by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements.

**CPT Code Information**
87529 x 2

**LOINC® Information**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Test ID</th>
<th>Test Order Name</th>
<th>Order LOINC Value</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HSVC</td>
<td>Herpes Simplex Virus, PCR, CSF</td>
<td>92865-5</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result ID</th>
<th>Test Result Name</th>
<th>Result LOINC Value</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>36858</td>
<td>HSV 1 PCR, C</td>
<td>16952-4</td>
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<tr>
<td>36859</td>
<td>HSV 2 PCR, C</td>
<td>16960-7</td>
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