

Patient Information	Sample Information
First name Last name Gender Male Female Ancestry Caucasian Eastern European Western European Native American Middle Eastern African American Asian Pacific Islander Caribbean Central/South American Other:	Medical record # Specimen ID Date sample obtained (mm/dd/yy) Blood in EDTA (5-6 mL in lavender top tube) Buccal Swab Oral Rinse (At least 30 mL of Scope oral rinse in a 50 mL centrifuge tube) DNA (>20 ug): Tissue source concentration (ug/ml) Vol(ul) Other (Call lab)
Mailing address	Patient has had a blood transfusion
City State Zip cod	le accepted for patients who have had allogeneic bone marrow transplants
Home phone Work phone	Age at Initial Presentation: Add. ICD-10 Codes:
Email Patient's primary language if no	t English
Ordering Account Information Acct # Account Name Reporting Preference* Care Evolve Fax Email *If unmarked, we will use the account's default preferences or fax to new counts Email Email	ients.
Physician NPI #	
Genetic Counselor	Signature of Physician of Other Authorized NPI Provider (required) Date
Street address I	I have read the attached Informed Consent document and I give permission to
Street address 2	specimen and clinical information to be used in de-identified studies at GeneDx to improve genetic testing and for publication if appropriate My name or other
City State Zip cod	e personal identifying information will not be used in or linked to the results of any studies and publications. Jaks give GeneDx permission to inform me or my health
Phone Fax (important)	care provider in the future about research opportunities, including treatments for the condition in my family. More information is available on our website:
Email Beeper	www.genedx.com
Send Additional Report Copies To:	Check this box if you are a New York state resident, and give permission for GeneDx to retain any remaining sample longer than 60 days after the completion of testing.
Physician or GC/Acct # Fax#/Email/CE #	
Physician or GC/Acct # Fax#/Email/CE #	Patient/Guardian Signature Date

(PATIENT STATUS – ONE MUST BE CHECKED: 🛛 Hospital Inpatient 🗋 Hospital Outpatient 🗋 Not a Hospital Patient 🛛 Hospital Patient Date of Discharge:

			Paymer	nt Opt ions	3			
□ Insurance Bill							Referral/Prior Authorization	#
							Please attach copy of Referra	al/authorization
Insurance Carrier	Policy Name	🗖 Hold sample	for Estimated Benefit	Investigation (only	if OOP co	st is >\$100)	GeneDx Benefit Investigation	ו #
Insurance ID #	Group #	Name of Insured		Date of Birth	Insura	nce Address Relationship	City to Insured 🗖 Child 🗖 Spouse	State Zip □ Self □ Other
Secondary Insurance Carrier Name	Insurance ID#	Group #	Name of Insure	d Date o	f Birth	Relationship	to Insured 🗖 Child 🗖 Spouse	□ Self □ Other

Please include a copy of the front and back of the patient's insurance card (include secondary when applicable)

Please include a copy of the front and back of the patient's insurance card (include secondary when applicable) I represent that I am covered by insurance and authorize GeneDx, Inc. to give my designated insurance carrier, health plan, or third party administrator (collectively "Plan") the information on this form and other information provided by my health care provider necessary for reimbursement. I authorize Plan benefits to be payable to GeneDx. I understand that GeneDx will attempt to contact me if my estimated out-of-pocket responsibility will be greater than \$100 per test (for any reason, including co-insurance and deductible, or non-covered services). If GeneDx is unsuccessful in its attempts to contact me, I understand that it will be my responsibility to contact GeneDx to determine my out-of-pocket cost and to pay my out-of-pocket responsibility. I will cooperate fully with GeneDx by providing all necessary documents needed for Plan billing and appeals. I understand that mereponsible for sending GeneDx any and all of the money that I receive directly from my Plan in payment for this test. Reasonable collection and/or attorney's fees, including filing and service fees, shall be assessed if the account is sent to collection but said fees shall not exceed those permitted by state law. I permit a copy of this authorization to be used in place of the original.

Patient Signature (required)	Date
□ Institutional Bill	Patient Bill Amount
GeneDx Account #	If I have insurance coverage for this testing, I am electing to be treated as a self-pay patient for this testing. As such, I agree that neither GeneDx nor I will submit a claim to my insurance for this testing.
Hospital/Lab Name	Please bill my credit card for the full amount stated above (all major cards accepted) MasterCard Visa Discover American Express
Contact Name	Name as it appears on card
Address	Account Number Expiration date CVC
City State Zip Code	Signature Date
Phone Fax	For GeneDx Use Only

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Family History of Disorder/Symptoms No Known Family History Relationship Maternal Paternal Disorder/Symptoms Age at Dx Pedigree Attached	Date of Birth (mm/dd/yy)				
No Known Family History Relationship Maternal Paternal Disorder/Symptoms Age at Dx Pedigree Attached I I I IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	Family History of Disorder/Symptoms				
Other clinical history or testing (summarize or attach reports) Draw/attach pedigree and/or include additional information Chromosomes/FISH:	rnal Paternal Disorder/Symptoms Age at Dx				
	Other clinical history or testing (summarize or attach reports) Draw/attach pedigree and/or include additional information Chromosomes/FISH:				
Reason for testing - please complete (required): If expedited testing is requested, please indicate reason: Pregnancy (gestational ageweeks) Transplantation Other: Family Member/Carrier Testing and Special Services	please complete (required):				
Testing for known familial variant in a nuclear gene Please fill out this information if selecting a test from the family member/carr testing section: 9011 Testing for ONE known familial variants in a nuclear gene Please fill out this information if selecting a test from the family member/carr testing section: 9012 Testing for ONE known familial exon-level del/dup or chromosomal microarray del/dup Prenatal testing 902 Known familial mutation(s) Gene(s): Variant(s): 9023 Maternal cell contamination studies only Proband tested at another lab. Select all that apply 9001 One known mutation identified in a research lab Proband tested at another lab. Select all that apply 909 One sample Positive control included - Positive control is required if previous test was performed at another lab.	Please fill out this information if selecting a test from the family member/carrier testing section: Relative to be tested: Affected/Symptomatic Gene(s): Variant(s): Proband Name: Proband Name: Relationship to proband: Proband GeneDx Acc#: Proband GeneDx Acc#: Proband tested at another lab. Select all that apply Proband tested at another lab. Select all that apply Positive control included - Positive control is required if previous test was performed at another lab. Positive control not available. Please initial to acknowledge acceptance of caveat language on a negative report Family Member Test Report included - A clear copy of the test report on the variant positive family member is recommended if previous test was performed at another lab.				
Single Gene Analysis/Write-in Test Selection	/sis/Write-in Test Selection				
 Deletion/Duplication Analysis of 1-2 nuclear gene 703 Deletion/Duplication Analysis of 3-20 nuclear genes 					
Test Code: Test Name:					
Test Code: Test Name:					

All single gene tests are on pages 4-6

Rare Disorders Multi-gene Panels

Test Code	Test Name	# Genes	Gene List
Dermatalo	ogic Disorders		
708	Congenital Ichthyosis XomeDxSlice	39	ABCA I 2, ABHD5, AGPS, ALDH3A2, ALOX I 2B, ALOXE3, AP I S I , ARSE, CASP I 4, CERS3, CLDN I, CYP4F22, EBP, ELOVL4, FLG, GJB2 (Cx26), GJB3 (Cx31), GJB4 (Cx30.3), GJB6 (Cx30), KRT I, KRT I 0, KRT2, KRT9, LIPN, LOR, NIPAL4(Ichthyin), PEX7, PHGDH, PHYH, PNPLA I, PNPLA2, POMP, PSAT I, SDR9C7, SLC27A4, SNAP29, SPINK5, ST I 4, STS, TGM I, TGM5, VPS33B, ZMPSTE24
707	Epidermolysis bullosa (EB) and other bullous skin disorders XomeDx <i>Slice</i>	31	CD I 5 I, CDSN, CHST8, COL I 7A I, COL7A I, CSTA, DSG I, DSG2, DSG3, DSG4, DSP, DST, EXPH5, FERMT I, GRIP I, ITGA3, ITGA6, ITGB4, KLHL24, KRT I, KRT I 0, KRT I 4, KRT5, LAMA3, LAMB3, LAMC2, MMP I, NID I, PKP I, PLEC, TGM5
🗖 B399	Melanoma Panel	9	BAP I, BRCA2, CDK4, CDKN2A, MITF, POT I, PTEN, RB I, TP53
Dysmorph	ology and Multiple Congenital Anomalies		
TA46	Adams-Oliver Syndrome	6	ARHGAP, DLL4, DOCK6, EOGT, NOTCH I, RBPJ
🗖 TA44	Baraitser-Winter Syndrome	2	ACTB, ACTG1
🗖 Т993	Coffin-Siris Syndrome	8	ARID I A, ARID I B, PHF6, SMARCA2, SMARCA4, SMARCB I, SMARCE I, SOX I I
584	Cornelia de Lange Syndrome	7	ANKRD I I, HDAC8, KMT2A, NIPBL, RAD2 I, SMC1A, SMC3
961	Neurofibromatosis type I and 2 panel	4	NFI, NF2, SMARCBI, SPREDI
962	Neurofibromatosis type I panel	2	NFI, SPRED I
963	Neurofibromatosis type 2 panel	2	NF2, SMARCB I
TA06	Noonan and Comprehensive RASopathies panel	25	A2ML1, ACTB, ACTG1, BRAF, CBL, HRAS, KAT6B, KRAS, LZTR1, MAP2K1, MAP2K2, NF1, NRAS, NSUN2, PPP1CB, PTPN11, RAF1, RASA1, RASA2, RIT1, RRAS, SHOC2, SOS1, SOS2, SPRED1
TA39	Robinow Syndrome	4	DVL1, DVL3, ROR2, WNT5A
TA38	Treacher Collins Syndrome	6	DHODH, EFTUD2, POLRIC, POLRID, SF3B4, TCOFI
Endocrine	Disorders		
676	Hypogonadotropic Hypogonadism	33	CHD7, CYP19A1, DUSP6, ESR1, FEZF1, FGF17, FGF8, FGFR1, GNRH1, GNRHR, HS6ST1, IL17RD, KAL1, KISS1, KISS1R, LEP, LEPR, LHB, LHCGR, NR0B1, NR5A1, NSMF, POLR3B, PROK2, PROKR2, PROP1, SEMA3A, SEMA3E, SOX10, SPRY4, TAC3, TACR3, WDR11
674	Maturity-Onset Diabetes of the Young (MODY)	16	ABCC8, APPLI, BLK, CEL, GCK, GLUD I, HADH, HNFIA, HNFIB, HNF4A, INS, KCNJI I, KLFI I, NEUROD I, PAX4, PDX I (IPFI)
Hematologic Disorders			
938	Congenital Sideroblastic Anemia Panel (plus mitochondrial genome large deletion testing)	8	ABCB7, ALAS2, GLRX5, PUS I, SLC I 9A2, SLC 25A38, TRNT I, YARS2
🗖 J450	Diamond-Blackfan anemia panel	13	GATA I, RPL I I, RPL I 5, RPL 26, RPL 35A, RPL 5, RPS I 0, RPS I 7, RPS I 9, RPS 24, RPS 26, RPS 29, RPS 7
Immunolo	gic Disorders		
🗖 Т990	Autoimmune lymphoproliferative syndrome (ALPS) Panel	4	FAS, CASPIO, CASP8, FASL
603	B- SCID Sub-panel	9	ADA, AK2, DCLRE I C (ARTEMIS), LIG4, NHEJ I, PRKDC, RAC2, RAG I, RAG2
602	B+ SCID Sub-panel	17	TM, CD3D, CD3E, CD3Z, CORO I A, DOCK8, FOXN I, IL2RG, IL7R, JAK3, ORAI I, PNP, PTPRC, RMRP, STIM I, TBX I, ZAP70
🗖 Т989	Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CGD) Panel	5	CYBA, CYBB, NCF1, NCF2, NCF4
601	Comprehensive SCID Panel	26	ADA, AK2, ATM, CD3D, CD3E, CD3Z, COR01A, DCLRE1C (ARTEMIS), DOCK8, FOXN1, IL2RG, IL7R, JAK3, LIG4, NHEJI, ORA11, PNP, PRKDC, PTPRC, RAC2, RAG1, RAG2, RMRP, STIM1, TBX1, ZAP70
678	Hyper-IgE Syndromes Panel	4	DOCK8, SPINK5, STAT3, TYK2
🗖 Т995	Hyper-IgM Panel	4	AICDA, CD40, CD40LG, UNG
Neurologi	c Disorders		
547	Aicardi-Goutieres syndrome^	4	RNASEH2A, RNASEH2B, RNASEH2C, TREX I
526	Cerebral cavernous malformations	3	CCM2, KRITI, PDCD10
2371	Holoprosencephaly	4	SHH, SIX3,TGIF, ZIC2
Reproduct	tive Disorders		
🗖 Т991	Neonatal 46, XY Disorders of Sex Development (DSD)	19	AR, ARX, ATRX, CHD7, CYP1IAI, CYP17AI, DHCR7, DHH, DYNC2HI, HSD17B3, HSD3B2, NEKI, NR5AI, POR, SOX9, SRD5A2, SRY, STAR, WTI
677	Premature Ovarian Failure	22	BMP I 5, CYP I 7A I, CYP I 9A I, ESR I, FGFR I, FIGLA, FSHR, GDF9, KISS I, KISS I R, LHB, LHCGR, NOBOX, NR5A I, POR, PROK2, PROKR2, PSMC3IP, SEMA3A, TAC3, TACR3, WDR I I

Rare Disorders Multi-gene Panels

Test Code	Test Name	# Genes	Gene List
Rheumato	logic Disorders		
367	Comprehensive panel for Periodic Fever Syndromes: Familial Hibernian Fever/TRAPS; Familial Mediterranean Fever; Hyper-IgD Syndrome; Muckle Wells/Familial Cold Urticaria, NOMID; Cyclic neutropenia; PAPA Syndrome; Majeed syndrome ^A	7	ELANE (ELA2), LPIN2, MEFV, MVK, NLRP3 (CIAS I), PSTPIP I, TNFRSF I A
Skeletal E	Disorders		
T A45	Abnormal Mineralization	16	ALPL, ANKH, AP2SI, CASR, CLCN5, CYP27BI, CYP2RI, DMPI, ENPPI, FAH, FGF23, PHEX, SLC34AI, SLC34A3, SLC9A3RI, VDR
🗖 J799	Achondrogenesis	3	COL2A I, SLC26A2, TRIPI I
🗖 Т992	Autosomal Dominant Osteogenesis Imperfecta	3	COLIAI, COLIA2, IFITM5
] J804	Chondrodysplasia Punctata	5	AGPS, ARSE, EBP, GNPAT, PEX7
TA40	Craniosynostosis	30	ALPL, ALX4, ASXL1, CDC45, CYP26B1, EFNB1, ERF, FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3, GL13, IFT122, IFT43, ILI I RA, MASP1, MEGF8, MSX2, P4HB, POR, RAB23, RECQL4, SEC24D, SKI, TCF12, TGFBR1, TGFBR2, TMC01, TWIST1, WDR35, ZIC1
🗖 TA41	Ectrodactyly/Split Hand-Split Foot	13	BLHHA9, CDH3, DLX5, DYNC11(del/dup only), FGFR1, TP63, WNT10B, LBX1, BTRC, POLL, DPCD, FBXW4, 10q24(chr10:102 962, 134-103, 476, 346)
] J800	FGFR-related disorders	2	FGFR2, FGFR3^
🗖 Т996	Hereditary Multiple Exostoses	3	EXTI, EXT2, PTPNII
T A42	Limb Abnormalities	71	ANKRD I I, ARHGAP3 I, ARID I A, ARID I B, BHLHA9, BMP2, BMPR I B, CC2D2A, CDH3, CEP290, CHSY I, DLL4, DLX5, DOCK6, DVL I, DVL3, DYNCI I I, EOGT, ESCO2, FGF I 0, FGF I 6, FGFR I, FGFR2, FGFR3, GDF5, GLI3, GNAS, HDAC4, HDAC8, HOXD I 3, IHH, KIF7, KMT2A, LMBR I (including ZRS regulatory region), LRP4, MGP, MKS I, MYCN, NIPBL, NOG, NOTCH I, NSDHL, PHF6, PIGV, PTHLH, RAD2 I, RBPJ, RECQL4, RBM8A, ROR2, RPGRIP I L, SALL I, SALL4, SHH, SMARCA2, SMARCA4, SMARCB I, SMARCE I, SMC1A, SMC3, SOX I I, SOX9, TBX I 5, TBX3, TBX5, THPO, TP63, WNT 10B, WNT3, WNT5A, WNT7A and deletion/duplication coverage for 10q24
] J797	Osteogenesis Imperfecta	15	ALPL, ANO5, B3GAT3, BMP I, COL1A1, COL1A2, CREB3L1, CRTAP, FKBP I 0, IFITM5, LRP5, P3H1 (LEPRE I), P4HB, PLOD2, PLS3, PP I B, SEC24D, SERPINF I, SERPINH I, SP7, SPARC, TAPT I, TMEM38B, WNT I
🗖 Т994	Hypophosphatasia and Hypophosphatemic Rickets Panel	9	CLCN5, CYP27B1, CYP2R1, DMP1, ENPP1, FGF23, PHEX, SLC34A3, VDR
T A43	Skeletal Dysplasia	29	ALPL, ARSE, COLIOAI, COLIIAI, COLIIA2, COLIAI, COLIA2, COL2AI, DDR2, EBP, FGFR3, FLNB, HSPG2, INPPLI, LBR, LIFR, MMP9, MMP13, NKX3-2, NSDHL, PEX7, PTHIR, RMRP, SBDS, SLC26A2, SLC35DI, SOX9, TRIPII, TRPV4

Rare Disorders Single Gene Tests

Dematol Foldermolytic ichthyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis) KR1, KRT10 hotspos only I 19 Erythrokeratodermia variabilis GB3^, GB4^ I 122 Épidermolytic ichthyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis) KR17 botspos only I 190 Erythrokeratodermia variabilis M8TPS2 I 122 Épidermolytic ichthyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis) KR17 botspos only I 190 Syndromic palmoplanta keratoderma/Nohwinkel syndromoly GB2 (Cx26) I 208 Épidermolytic ichthyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis) KR17 botspos only I 190 Syndromic palmoplanta keratoderma/Nohwinkel syndromoly GB2 (Cx26) Dematol Foldermolytic ichthyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis) KR17 botspos only I 190 Syndromic palmoplanta keratoderma/Nohwinkel syndromoly GB2 (Cx26) Dematol Foldermolytic ichthyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis) KR17 botspos only I 190 Syndromolytic hyperkeratosis Autopalmolytic hyperkeratosis GB2 (Cx26) Dematol Foldermolytic ichthyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis) KR17 botspos only I 190 Syndromolytic hyperkerato full gene sequencing KBCG (Cx26) Dematol Foldermolytic ichthyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis) KDA I 197 Clouston syndromon mutations KBCG (Cx20) <th>Test Code</th> <th>Test Name</th> <th>Gene</th> <th>Test Code</th> <th>Test Name</th> <th>Gene</th>	Test Code	Test Name	Gene	Test Code	Test Name	Gene
1181Epidermolytic ichtyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis)KRT1/ hotspots onlyIn 19Erythrokeratodermia variabilisGB3^, GB4^1220Epidermolytic ichtyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis)KRT2 hotspots onlyB184Ichtyosis folicularis with atrichia and photopholi/keratosisMBTP522080Epidermolytic hPFK of VörnerKRT9 hotspots onlyB100Syndromic palmoplantar keratoderma/Volwinkel syndrome/GB2 (Cx26)Dematuse Disorders - Connective Tissue Disorders1 TB16Prolidase deficiencyEPDA 0B264In 190Peidoxanthoma elasticum common mutationsABCC61 TA86Supravlavlar aortic stenosis/autosomal dominat cuts lawEDA 0B167Closton syndromeGB4 (Cs0A)1 G161An/hypohidrotic X-LinkedEDA 1B17Closton syndromeGPGRAGPGRA1 TB11An/hypohidrotic ED, autosomal dominantEDARADDB36.4Focal demal hypoplasia/Goltz syndromeGPGRA1 TB11An/hypohidrotic ED, autosomal dominantEDARADDB36.4Incontinentia pigmenti common deletion-femalesKRK/I/APM1 TB13Autosomal recessive/dominant ED// Conton-orycho-deremal 	Dermatol	ogic Disorders - Congenital Ichthyosis				
122Epidermolytic ichthyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis)KRT2 hotspots onlyTB14Ichthyosis follicularis with atrichia and photophobia/keratosisMBTPS2208Epidermolytic PPK of VörnerKRT9 hotspotI a)Syndromic palmoplantar keratoderma/Vohwikel syndrome/ (D syndromeree Marconene Marconenee Marcon	1181	Epidermolytic ichthyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis)	KRT1, KRT10 hotspots only	🗖 119	Erythrokeratodermia variabilis	GJB3^, GJB4^
2 08Epidermolytic PPK of VörnerKR79 hotspots only1 30Syndromic palmoplantar keratoderma/Volwinkel syndrome/ KD syndrome^AG/B2 (Cx26)ADeroters - Connective Tissue Disorders1 T816Prolidase deficiercyPEPD^2641Pseudoxanthoma elasticum common mutationsABCG1 TA86Supravalutar aortic stenosis/autosomal dominat cutis lavaELN2642If negative, reflex to: full gene sequencingABCGDerotetres - Ectoderma Dysplasia (EDNUSOrders - Ectoderma Dysplasia (EDN1573Clouston syndromeG/B6 (Cx30)A1 1611An/hypohidrotic ED, autosomal dominantEDAIA3060Focal dermal hypoplasia/Goltz syndromePORN1 TA80Autosomal recessive/dominant ED/Odonto-onycho-dermal ysplasia, Schöpf-Schulz-Passarge syndromeWNTIOA5533Incontinentia pigmenti common deletion-females 	122	Epidermolytic ichthyosis (epidermolytic hyperkeratosis)	KRT2 hotspots only	🗖 тві4	lchthyosis follicularis with atrichia and photophobia/keratosis follicularis spinulosa decalvans	MBTPS2
Dermatolycity Connective Tissue Disorders PEPDA 2 641 Pseudoxanthoma elasticum common mutations ABCC6 TBI6 Royadvular aortic stenosis/autosomal dominat cutis lava ENPA 1 6264 In gative, reflex to: full gene sequencing ABCC6 Dermatolycity Connective Tissue Disorders - Ectodermal Dysplasia (EDV) USECONCENTION Sequencing PEPDA In gative, reflex to: full gene sequencing ABCC6 1 601E An/hypohidrotic, X-linked EDAI In 157 Clouston syndrome GB6 (Cx30^A 1 7B1I An/hypohidrotic ED, autosomal dominant EDARADD In 306 Focal dermal hypoplasia/Goltz syndrome MBCKG/NEMO 1 7B30 Autosomal recessive/dominant ED/Odonto-onycho-deremal dysplasia, Schöpf-Schulz-Passarge syndrome WNT10A In 553 Incontinentia pigmenti common deletion and full gene sequencing IKBKG/NEMO 1 7A50 Autosomal recessive/dominant hypohidrotic ED EDAR In 2862 In continentia pigmenti common deletion and full gene sequencing IKBKG/NEMO 1 7A50 Autosomal recessive/dominant hypohidrotic ED EDAR In 2862 In egative, reflex to: full gene sequencing IKBKG/NEMO 1 7A50 Autosomal recessive/dominant hypohidrotic ED EDAR In 2862	208	Epidermolytic PPK of Vörner	KRT9 hotspots only	1 130	Syndromic palmoplantar keratoderma/Vohwinkel syndrome/ KID syndrome^	GJB2 (Cx26)^
Image: TB16Prolidase deficiencyPEDAImage: PEDAPedudoxanthoma elasticum common mutationsABCC6Image: TA86Suparalvular aortic stenosis/autosomal dominat cutis lawaELNImage: Pedudoxanthome reflex to: full gene sequencingImage: Pedudoxanthome reflex to: full gene sequencingPEDAImage: Totarder S- Ectodermal Dysplasia (EDUImage: Pedudoxanthome reflex to: full gene sequencingImage: Pedudoxanthome reflex	Dermatol	ogic Disorders - Connective Tissue Disorders				
TA66Supravalvular a ortic stenosis/autosomal dominat cutis laxaELN2 642If negative, reflex to: full gene sequencingImage: constraint cons	🗖 ТВІ6	Prolidase deficiency	PEPD^	2641	Pseudoxanthoma elasticum common mutations	ABCC6
Dermatolycic Disorders - Ectodermal Dysplasia (ED) EDA I IS7 Clouston syndrome GJB6 (Cx30)^A I 1601E An/hypohidrotic, X-linked EDA RADD IS7 Clouston syndrome PORCN I TB11 An/hypohidrotic ED, autosomal dominant EDARADD Is306 Focal dermal hypoplasia/Goltz syndrome PORCN I TA80 Autosomal recessive/dominant ED/Odonto-onycho-dermal dysplasia, Schöpf-Schulz-Passarge syndrome WNT/DA Is533 Incontinentia pigmenti common deletion and full gene sequencing KBKG/NEMO I TA50 Autosomal recessive/dominant hypohidrotic ED EDAR In egative, reflex to: full gene sequencing KBKG/NEMO Dermato-UE Disorders - Epidermolysis Bullosa, junctional type COl7A1 In egative, reflex to: full gene sequencing KRT5, KRT14 hotspots only I 1631 Epidermolysis bullosa, junctional type LAM5 hotspots only In 188 Potermolysis bullosa, simplex KRT5, KRT14 hotspots only	🗖 TA86	Supravalvular aortic stenosis/autosomal dominat cutis laxa	ELN	2642	If negative, reflex to: full gene sequencing	
Image: 1601EAn/hypohidrotic, X-linkedEDA1Image: 157Clouston syndromeG/B6 (Cx30)^AImage: TB11An/hypohidrotic ED, autosomal dominantEDARADDImage: 306Focal dermal hypoplasia/Goltz syndromePORCNImage: TA80Autosomal recessive/dominant ED/Odonto-onycho-dermal ysplasia, Schöpf-Schulz-Passarge syndromeWNT10AImage: 353Incontinentia pigmenti common deletion and full gene sequencingIKBKG/NEMOImage: TA50Autosomal recessive/dominant hypohidrotic EDEDARImage: 366Image: 366Image: 366Image: 366Image: TA50Autosomal recessive/dominant hypohidrotic EDEDARImage: 366Image: 366Image: 366Image: 366Image: 366Image: TA50Autosomal recessive/dominant hypohidrotic EDEDARImage: 366Image: 366Ima	Dermatol	ogic Disorders - Ectodermal Dysplasia (ED)				
Image: Normal recessive/dominant ED/Odonto-ontycho-dermal systems Schöpf-Schulz-Passarge syndromeEDARADDImage: Normal recessive/dominant ED/Odonto-ontycho-dermal systems Schöpf-Schulz-Passarge syndromeWNT/DAImage: Normal recent re	🗖 1601E	An/hypohidrotic, X-linked	EDAI	157	Clouston syndrome	GJB6 (Cx30)^
□ TA80 dysplasia, Schöpf-Schulz-Passarge syndromeWNT/0A□ 553Incontinentia pigmenti common deletion and full gene sequencingIKBKG/NEMO□ TA50Autosomal recessive/dominant hypohidrotic EDEDAR□ 2861Incontinentia pigmenti common deletion-femalesIKBKG/NEMODermato-Foidermolysis bullosa, dystrophicCOL7A1□ 168□ 168□ 168Epidermolysis bullosa, simplexKRT5, KRT14 hotspots only□ 1631Epidermolysis bullosa, junctional typeLAM5 hotspots only□ 168□ 168Epidermolysis bullosa, simplexKRT5, KRT14 hotspots only	🗖 ТВН	An/hypohidrotic ED, autosomal dominant	EDARADD	306	Focal dermal hypoplasia/Goltz syndrome	PORCN
Image: schopp-schulz-rassarge syndrome Image: schopp-schuz-rassarge syndrome Image: schopp-schu	TA80	Autosomal recessive/dominant ED/Odonto-onycho-dermal	WNTIOA	553	Incontinentia pigmenti common deletion and full gene sequencing	IKBKG/NEMO
TA50 Autosomal recessive/dominant hypohidrotic ED EDAR If negative, reflex to: full gene sequencing Dermato-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub		uyspiasia, schopi-schuiz-rassaige synuronne		2861	Incontinentia pigmenti common deletion-females	IKBKG/NEMO
Dermatolysis Disorders - Epidermolysis Bullosa COL7A I COL7A I RT5, KRT I 4 1 631 Epidermolysis bullosa, junctional type LAM5 hotspots only 168 Epidermolysis bullosa, simplex KRT5, KRT I 4	🗖 TA50	Autosomal recessive/dominant hypohidrotic ED	EDAR	2862	If negative, reflex to: full gene sequencing	
Image: TA53 Epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic COL7A I Epidermolysis bullosa, junctional type RRT5, KRT14 Image: LAM5 hotspots only LAM5 hotspots only Image: LAM5 hotspots only Epidermolysis bullosa, simplex RRT5, KRT14	Dermatologic Disorders - Epidermolysis Bullosa					
I 631 Epidermolysis bullosa, junctional type LAM5 hotspots only I 168 Epidermolysis bullosa, simplex hotspots only	T A53	Epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic	COL7A1	-	Foldense hets hellere storelere	KRT5, KRT I 4
	1 631	Epidermolysis bullosa, junctional type	LAM5 hotspots only	L J 168	Epidermolysis bullosa, simplex	hotspots only



Rare Disorders Single Gene Tests					
Test Code	Test Name	Gene	Test Code	Test Name	Gene
Dermatol	ogic Disorders - Other Skin/Nail/Hair/Mucosal Diso	orders			
TA79	Bloom syndrome	BLM	388	Hereditary angioedema type III exon 9/Thr328 mutation only	F12^
T A54	Darier disease	ATP2A2	2091	Pachyonychia congenita	KRT16, KRT6a hotspots only
T A55	Hailey-Hailey disease	ATP2C1	2092	Pachyonychia congenita	KRT I 7, KRT6b hotspots only
🗖 ТВІ5	Haim-Munk syndrome/Papillon-Lefevre syndrome	СТЅС	2131	White sponge nevus	KRT4, KRT13 hotspots only
Dermatol	ogic Disorders - Pigmentary Disorders				
1 89	Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome: Ashkenazi splice mutation	HPS3 [^]	188	Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome: Puerto Rican mutations	HPS1^, HPS3^
Dermatol	ogic Disorders - Skin Cancers				
2071	Peutz-Jeghers syndrome	STKII	205	Gorlin syndrome	РТСНІ
714	Birt-Hogg-Dube syndrome	FLCN	713	Hereditary leiomyomatosis and renal cell cancer	FH
715	Carney complex	PRKARTA	195	Cowden syndrome/Bannayan-Riley-Ruvalcaba syndrome/ASD/ macrocephaly/autism syndrome	PTEN
Dysmorph	ology & Multiple Congenital Anomalies				
4 91	Aniridia/WAGR	PAX6	🗖 ТВ27	Oral-facial-digital syndrome type I	OFD1, aka CXORF5
1004	Alagille syndrome	JAGI	2923	Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome	CREBBP
🔲 315E	Branchiootorenal syndrome	EYAI	🗖 415E	Simpson-Golabi-Behmel syndrome	GPC3
🗖 ТВ21	CHARGE syndrome	CHD7	2511	Smith-Magenis syndrome	RAH
550	Coffin-Lowry syndrome	RPS6KA3 aka RSK2	406	Sotos syndrome	NSD I
TA57	Cohen syndrome	VPS13B	TA62	Van der Woude syndrome	IRF6
🗖 ТВ26	Craniofrontonasal dysplasia	EFNBI	358	Velocardiofacial syndrome/DiGeorge syndrome	TBX1^
T A52	Ectrodactyly-ectodermal dysplasia-clefting (EEC) syndrome and TP63-related disorders, Select exons	TP63	🗖 ТВ04	Kabuki syndrome	KMT2D
TA63	Feingold syndrome	MYCN	🗖 ТВ20	Hirschsprung disease	RET
Endocrine Disorders					
402	17-alpha hydroxylase/17,20-lyase deficiency	CYP17A1^	332	Von Hippel-Lindau syndrome	VHL
T A56	Allgrove (Triple-A) syndrome	AAAS	719	Multiple endocrine neoplasia, type I	MENI
T A57	Androgen insensitivity syndrome	AR	🗖 твоз	Pendred syndrome/DFNB4 Nonsyndromic hearing loss	SLC26A4
🗖 ТВІ9	Autoimmune polyendocrinopathy/APECED	AIRE	1771	Multiple endocrine neoplasia, types 2A and 2B	RET^
721	Hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome	CDC73	🗖 TA94	Septo-optic dysplasia	HESXI
Hematolo	gic Disorders - Dyskeratosis Congenita (DKC)				
108	DKC, X-linked	DKC1^	682	DKC, autosomal dominant/recessive	TERT^
107	DKC, autosomal dominant	TERC^	414	DKC, autosomal dominant (exon 6 sequencing only)	TINF2^
Hematolo	gic Disorders - Bone Marrow Failure Syndromes				
TA47	Congenital amegakaryocytic thrombocytopenia	MPL		V listed damage and a second	14/45
1 09	Shwachman-Diamond syndrome	SBDS^		A-linked thrombocytopenia –or– A-linked neutropenia	WAS
Hematologic Disorders - Other					
2341	Hereditary angioedema (HAE) type I/II	SERPINGI aka CINH			
Immunolo	gic Disorders				
2862	Ectodermal dysplasia with immunodeficiency/incontinentia pigmenti	IKBKG/NEMO^	T TA48	Severe congenital neutropenia, autosomal dominant	ELANE aka ELA2
TA69	IRAK4 deficiency	IRAK4		Severe congenital neutropenia, autosomal recessive	HAXI
154	X-linked Agammaglobulinemia	BTK			



Rare Disorders Single Gene Tests					
Test Code	Test Name	Gene	Test Code	Test Name	Gene
Neurologi	cal Disorders				
TA81	Angelman/Angelman-like syndrome	SLC9A6	549	Rett/atypical Rett syndromes	MECP2
🗖 ТВІ2	Erythermalgia/paroxysmal extreme pain disorder/small fiber neuropathy/congenital insensitivity to pain	SCN9A	548	X-linked early infantile epileptic encephalopathy/atypical Rett syndrome/West syndrome	CDKL5
TA60	Congenital insensitivity to pain and anhidrosis	NTRKI	–	X-linked hydrocephalus, X-linked spastic paraplegia, MASA,	
🗖 TA78	Tyrosine hydroxylase deficienc	TH	552	CRASH syndrome	LICAM
Pulmonol	ogy Disorders				
829-1	Cystic fibrosis/congenital bilateral absence of the vas deferens	CFTR			
Renal Disc	orders				
🗖 TA64	Alport syndrome	COL4A5	🗖 TA59	Dent disease, X-linked recessive nephrolithiasis	CLCN5
🗖 TA71	Branchiootic syndrome 3	SIXI	T 422	Polycystic kidney disease, deletion/duplication only	PKD1/PKD2/TSC2
T A73	Dent disease 2/Lowe syndrome	OCRL	🗖 ТВ29	Renal-Coloboma syndrome/Papillorenal syndrome	PAX2
Reproductive Disorders - Disorders of Sexual Differentiation					
339	Adrenal hyperplasia, POR deficiency	POR^	— ara	XX zanadal duzzanasis	CDVA
TA89	X-linked adrenal hypoplasia congenita	NROB1 aka DAX1	259		381
Reproduct	tive Disorders - Infertility				
522	FMR1-associated premature ovarian failure, CGG repeat analysis only	FMRI			
Rheumato	logic Disorders				
215	Familial Hibernian fever/TRAPS exons 2-5 sequencing only	TNFRSFIA	216	Hyper-IgD syndrome (MVK) exons 8 and 10 sequencing only	MVK
214	Familial Mediterranean fever exons 2,3 and 10 sequencing only	MEFV	217	Muckle-Wells/familial cold urticaria/NOMID exon 3 sequencing only	CIASI
Skeletal D	isorders				
T A74	Campomelic dysplasia	SOX9	472	Grieg cephalopolysyndactyly syndrome	GLI3
225	Cartilage-hair hypoplasia and associated disorders	RMRP^	🗖 ТВІЗ	KBG syndrome	ANKRDI I
285	Cherubism	SH3BP2^	🗖 TA61	Pseudoachondroplasia/multiple epiphyseal dysplasia	COMP
282E	Chondrodysplasia punctata, X-linked	ARSE	🗍 1861E	X-linked dominant hypophosphatemia	PHEX
🗖 твзі	Familial hypocalciuric hypercalcemia	CASR	🗖 ТВ22	Holt-Oram Syndrome	TBX5

All sequencing tests include del/dup analysis unless indicated by a ^ or otherwise noted

Many other tests are available on other requisition forms. Please visit genedx.com to find the right test for your patient.

Did you Remember to ...?

 \square Label specimen tube appropriately with TWO identifiers

 \Box Get a signature for medical necessity and patient consent

 \hfill Out sample submission form (pages 3 - 6)

 \Box Complete clinical information (page 7)

Complete payment form (page I)



Rare Genetic Disorders Clinical Information Form

Account # Account Name

First Name

Last Name

Date of Birth (mm/dd/yy)

PLEASE ATTACH DETAILED MEDICAL RECORDS Clinical Diagnosis: ICD-10 Codes: Age at Initial Presentation:					
Parent/Carrier testing (Circle One: Asymptomatic/Symptomatic)					
PL Clinical Diagnosis: Parent Clinical Diagnosis: Prematurity IUGR Oligohydramnios Polyhydramnios Cystic hygroma/increased NT Growth Failure to thrive (%ile:) Growth retardation/short stature (%ile:) Overgrowth (%ile:) Macrocephaly Physical/Cognitive Development Fine motor delay Gross motor delay Speech delay Intellectual disability/MR IQ: Learning disability Developmental regression Behavioral Autistic features Obsessive-compulsive disorder Stereotypic behaviors Other psychiatric symptoms Craniofacial/Ophthalmalogic/Auditory Blue/gray sclerae Cataracts Cleft lip/palate Coloboma of eye Optic atrophy Retinitis pigmentosa Hearing loss Optic atrophy Retinitis pigmentosa Hearing loss Ottotoxicity (amino	EASE ATTACH DETAILED MEDICAL RECO ICD-10 Codes: ////////////////////////////////////	SRDS Age at Initial Presentation:			
Cardiac/Congenital Heart Malformations Atrial septal defect Ventricular septal defect Coarctation of aorta Hypoplastic left heart Tetralogy of Fallot Cardiomyopathy Arrhythmia/conduction defect Other:	 Recurrent volniting Chronic diarrhea Constipation Chronic intestinal pseudo-obstruction Hirschsprung disease Hepatic failure Elevated transaminases Additional relevant clinical info:				
Cancer/Malignancy Age of onset: Tumor type: Location(s): Affected relatives:					



Account # Account Name

First Name

Last Name

Date of Birth (mm/dd/yy)

I understand that my health care provider has ordered the following genetic testing for {me/my child}:

General Information About Genetic Testing

What is genetic testing?

DNA provides instructions for our body's growth and development. Genes are distinct sequences of DNA, and are arranged on chromosomes. The DNA in a gene contains instructions for making proteins, which determine things like growth and metabolism as well as traits like eye color and blood type. Genetic disorders are caused by certain changes in DNA affecting the structure or number of chromosomes. Genetic testing is a laboratory test that tries to identify these changes in chromosomes or the DNA. Genetic testing can be a diagnostic test, which is used to identify or rule out a specific genetic condition. Genetic screening tests are used to assess the chance for a person to develop or have a child with a genetic condition. Genetic screening tests are not typically diagnostic and results may require additional testing.

The purpose of this test is to see if I, or my child, may have a genetic variant or chromosome rearrangement causing a genetic disorder or to determine the chance that I, or my child, will develop or pass on a genetic disorder in the future. 'My child' can also mean my unborn child, for the purposes of this consent.

If I/my child already know the specific gene variant(s) or chromosome rearrangement that causes the genetic disorder in my family, I will inform the laboratory of this information.

What could I learn from this genetic test?

The following describes the possible results from the test:

1) **Positive:** A positive result indicates that a genetic variant has been identified that explains the cause of my/my child's genetic disorder or indicates that I/my child am at increased risk to develop the disorder in the future. It is possible to test positive for more than one genetic variant.

2) Negative: A negative result indicates that no disease-causing genetic variant was identified by the test performed. It does not guarantee that I/my child will be healthy or free from genetic disorders or medical conditions. If I/my child test negative for a variant known to cause the genetic disorder in other members of my/my child's family, this result rules out a diagnosis of the same genetic disorder in me/my child due to this specific change.

3) Inconclusive/Variant of Uncertain Significance (VUS): A finding of a variant of uncertain significance indicates that a genetic change was detected, but it is currently unknown whether that change is associated with a genetic disorder either now or in the future. A variant of uncertain significance is not the same as a positive result and does not clarify whether l/my child is at increased risk to develop a genetic disorder. The change could be a normal genetic variant or it could be disease-causing. Further analysis may be recommended, including testing parents and other family members. Detailed medical records or information from other family members also may be needed to help clarify results.

4) Unexpected results: In rare instances, this test may reveal an important genetic change that is not directly related to the reason for ordering this test. For example, this test may tell me about the risk for another genetic condition I/my child is not aware of or it may indicate differences in the number or rearrangement of sex chromosomes. This information may be disclosed to the ordering health care provider if it likely impacts medical care.

Result interpretation is based on currently available information in the medical literature, research and scientific databases. Because the literature, medical and scientific knowledge are constantly changing, new information that becomes available in the future may replace or add to the information GeneDx used to interpret my/my child's results. Providers can contact GeneDx at any time to discuss the classification of an identified variant. In addition, I or my/my child's health care providers may monitor publicly available resources used by the medical community, such as ClinVar (www.clinvar.com), to find current information about the clinical interpretation of my/my child's variant(s). For tests that evaluate data from multiple family members, my spouse, or partner concurrently, results may be included in a single comprehensive report.

What are the risks and limitations of this genetic test?

- Genetic testing is an important part of the diagnostic process. However, genetic tests may not always give a definitive answer. In some cases, testing may not identify a genetic variant even though one exists. This may be due to limitations in current medical knowledge or testing technology.
- Accurate interpretation of test results may require knowing the true biological relationships in a family. Failing to accurately state the biological relationships in my/my child's family may result in incorrect interpretation of results, incorrect diagnoses, and/or inconclusive test results. In some cases, genetic testing can reveal that the true biological relationships in a family are not as they were reported. This includes non-paternity (the stated father of an individual is not the biological father) and consanguinity (the parents of an individual are related by blood). It may be necessary to report these findings to the health care provider who ordered the test.
- Genetic testing is highly accurate. Rarely, inaccurate results may
 occur for various reasons. These reasons include, but are not limited
 to: mislabeled samples, inaccurate reporting of clinical/medical
 information, rare technical errors, or unusual circumstances such as
 bone marrow transplantation, or the presence of change(s) in such a
 small percentage of cells that the change(s) may not be detectable by
 the test (mosaicism).
- This test does not have the ability to detect all of the long-term medical risks that I/my child might experience. The result of this test does not guarantee my health or the health of my child/fetus. Other diagnostic tests may still need to be done, especially when only a genetic screening test has been performed previously.
- Occasionally, an additional sample may be needed if the initial specimen is not adequate.

Patient Confidentiality and Genetic Counseling

It is recommended that I receive genetic counseling before and after having this genetic test. I can find a genetic counselor in my area here: www.nsgc.org. Further testing or additional consultations with a health care provider may be necessary.

To maintain confidentiality, the test results will only be released to the referring health care provider, to the ordering laboratory, to me, to other health care providers involved in my/my child's diagnosis and treatment, or to others as entitled by law. The United States Federal Government has enacted several laws that prohibit discrimination based on genetic test results by health insurance companies and employers. In addition, these laws prohibit unauthorized disclosure of this information. For more information, I understand that I can visit www.genome.gov/10002077.

International Specimens

If I/my child reside outside the United States, I attest that by providing a sample for testing, I am not knowingly violating any export ban or other legal restriction in the country of my/my child's residence.

Additional information about the specific test being ordered is available from my health care provider or I can go to the GeneDx website, www.genedx.com.This information includes the specific types of genetic disorders that can be identified by the genetic test, the likelihood of a positive result, the limitations of genetic testing, as well as information about how specimens and information are stored and used.